County of Northumberland, Virginia

Annual Financial Report
For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

COUNTY OF NORTHUMBERLAND, VIRGINIA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2014

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COUNTY OF NORTHUMBERLAND, VIRGINIA

Board of Supervisors

Ronald L. Jett, Chairperson

Richard F. Haynie
Thomas H. Tomlin
Arthur J. Self, Sr.
James M. Long

School Board

Dick Saxer, Chairperson

Betty Christopher
Susan Saunders
Gerald Howard
Dean Sumner

Board of Social Services

Thomas Tomlin, Chairperson

Sharon Fisher
Nancy Vanlandingham

Other Officials

Judge of the Circuit Court.....Harry T. Taliaferro, III
Clerk of the Circuit Court ..... Deborah T. Bingham
Judge of General District Court ..... Gordon A. Wilkins
Clerk of General District Court ..... Angela W. Tadlock
Commonwealth's Attorney .....Jane B. Wrightson
Treasurer.....Ellen Kirby
Sheriff .....Charles A. Wilkins
Superintendent of Schools.....Rebecca Gates
Director of Social Services ..... Jackie Clayton
Commissioner of the Revenue ..... Todd E. Thomas
County Administrator ..... Kenneth D. Eades

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Independent Auditors' Report

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors
County of Northumberland
Northumberland, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Northumberland, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Northumberland, Virginia, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis budgetary comparison information, and schedules of pension and OPEB funding progress on pages 4-10, 64, and 65-66 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise County of Northumberland, Virginia's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and statistical information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The statistical information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 15, 2015, on our consideration of County of Northumberland, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Northumberland, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Richmond, Virginia
January 15, 2015

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors
To the Citizens of Northumberland County
County of Northumberland, Virginia

As management of the County of Northumberland, Virginia we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. Please read it in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide Financial Statements

< The assets of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by $16,072,616 (net position).

Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Funds, on a current financial resource basis, reported expenditures and other uses in excess of revenues and other financing sources of $1,245,133 (Exhibit 5) after making contributions totaling $10,746,560 to the School Board.

< As of the close of the current fiscal year; the County's funds reported ending fund balances of $7,050,800, a decrease of $1,245,133 in comparison with the prior year.

< At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was $6,631,922, or 28% of total general fund expenditures and other uses.

< The combined long-term obligations decreased $1,219,276 during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components:

1. Government-wide financial statements,

2. Fund financial statements, and

3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements - The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, courts, police protection, sanitation, social services, education, cultural events, and recreation.

The Government-wide financial statements include not only the County of Northumberland, Virginia itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school district for which the County of Northumberland, Virginia is financially accountable. Financial information for the component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund financial statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Northumberland, Virginia, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions or services reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Whereas the government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of modified accrual reporting is on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Since the governmental funds focus is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements a reconciliation between the two methods is provided at the bottom of the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The County has two major governmental funds – the General Fund and the County Capital Projects Fund.

Proprietary funds – Proprietary funds consist of enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are established to account for the delivery of goods and services to the general public and use the accrual basis of accounting, similar to private sector business.

The Sanitary District Fund provides a centralized source for water/sewer services to County residents.

Fiduciary funds - The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. It is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Agency funds are County custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the County is custodian.

Notes to the financial statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information - In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information for budgetary comparison schedules and presentation of combining financial statements for the discretely presented component unit - School Board. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by $16,072,616 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Net Position:

County of Northumberland, Virginia's Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Totals	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
Current and other assets	$ 9,398,418	$ 10,213,866	$ 54,615	$ 990,159	$ 9,453,033	$ 11,204,025
Capital assets	39,697,037	41,967,651	6,260,141	5,588,390	45,957,178	47,556,041
Total assets	$ 49,095,455	$ 52,181,517	$ 6,314,756	$ 6,578,549	$ 55,410,211	$ 58,760,066
Current liabilities	$ 2,037,375	$ 1,675,252	$ 25,197	$ 30,595	$ 2,062,572	$ 1,705,847
Long-term liabilities outstanding	34,481,980	35,599,719	2,746,000	2,847,537	37,227,980	38,447,256
Total liabilities	$ 36,519,355	$ 37,274,971	$ 2,771,197	$ 2,878,132	$ 39,290,552	$ 40,153,103
Deferred inflows of resources	$ 47,043	$ 33,775	$ -	$ -	$ 47,043	$ 33,775
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	$ 5,486,882	$ 6,630,967	$ 3,514,141	$ 2,740,853	$ 9,001,023	$ 9,371,820
Restricted	274,724	255,210	-	-	274,724	255,210
Unrestricted	6,767,451	7,986,594	29,418	959,564	6,796,869	8,946,158
Total net position	$ 12,529,057	$ 14,872,771	$ 3,543,559	$ 3,700,417	$ 16,072,616	$ 18,573,188

Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

The County's net position decreased by $2,500,572 during the current fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Activities:

County of Northumberland, Virginia's Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Totals	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	$ 160,796	$ 195,967	$ 429,355	$ 416,254	$ 590,151	$ 612,221
Operating grants and contributions	2,707,605	2,507,321	-	-	2,707,605	2,507,321
Capital grants and contributions	138,084	298,775	-	-	138,084	298,775
General revenues:						
General property taxes	16,291,941	16,199,114	-	-	16,291,941	16,199,114
Other local taxes	1,787,209	1,749,597	-	-	1,787,209	1,749,597
Grants and other contributions not restricted	1,430,889	1,440,348	-	-	1,430,889	1,440,348
Other general revenues	276,703	368,156	20,055	35,993	296,758	404,149
Transfers	(174,251)	(215,706)	174,251	215,706	-	-
Total revenues	$ 22,618,976	$ 22,543,572	$ 623,661	$ 667,953	$ 23,242,637	$ 23,211,525
Expenses:						
General government administration	$ 1,745,031	$ 1,887,494	$ -	$ -	$ 1,745,031	$ 1,887,494
Judicial administration	729,034	748,238	-	-	729,034	748,238
Public safety	3,489,876	3,340,665	-	-	3,489,876	3,340,665
Public works	1,341,207	1,209,904	-	-	1,341,207	1,209,904
Health and welfare	2,034,759	1,991,739	-	-	2,034,759	1,991,739
Education	13,264,282	11,598,124	-	-	13,264,282	11,598,124
Parks, recreation, and cultural	160,216	161,418	-	-	160,216	161,418
Community development	632,469	754,292	-	-	632,469	754,292
Interest and other fiscal charges	1,565,816	1,608,524	-	-	1,565,816	1,608,524
Utilities	-	-	780,519	836,447	780,519	836,447
Total expenses	$ 24,962,690	$ 23,300,398	$ 780,519	$ 836,447	$ 25,743,209	$ 24,136,845
Change in net position	$ (2,343,714)	$ (756,826)	$ (156,858)	$ (168,494)	$ (2,500,572)	$ (925,320)
Net position, beginning of year	14,872,771	15,629,597	3,700,417	3,868,911	18,573,188	19,498,508
Net position, end of year	$ 12,529,057	$ 14,872,771	$ 3,543,559	$ 3,700,417	$ 16,072,616	$ 18,573,188

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported fund balances of $7,050,800, a decrease of $1,245,133 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 94% of this total amount constitutes unassigned General Fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion.

Proprietary Funds - The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position at the end of the year amounted to $29,418. The total decrease in net position was $156,858. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, revenues and other sources were less than budgetary estimates by $1,094,525. Expenditures and other uses were less than budgetary estimates by $1,279,983, resulting in a positive variance of $185,458.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

< Capital assets - The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental operations as of June 30, 2014 amounts to $39,697,037 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, and machinery and equipment.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes of this report.

Long-term debt - At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total debt outstanding of $36,576,000 (excludes bond premium). The County's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., lease/revenue bonds).

The County's total debt outstanding decreased by $1,211,537 during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the County of Northumberland, Virginia's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

< Inflationary trends in the region compare to national indexes.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2015 fiscal year.

The fiscal year 2015 budget increased approximately 2.6%. All tax rates remained the same.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of Northumberland, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Administrator, 72 Monument Place, Heathsville, Virginia 22473.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Exhibit 1

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2014

	Primary Government			Component Unit
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	School Board
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 7,888,945	$ 167,572	$ 8,056,517	$ 162,267
Cash in custody of others	-	-	-	96,558
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):				
Taxes receivable	756,834	-	756,834	-
Accounts receivable	52,060	85,891	137,951	-
Notes receivable	9,719	-	9,719	-
Internal balances	198,848	(198,848)	-	-
Due from other governmental units	492,012	-	492,012	1,632,468
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):				
Land and land improvements	894,628	98,924	993,552	23,929
Buildings and improvements	37,580,790	5,226,054	42,806,844	5,661,646
Machinery and equipment	304,214	14,570	318,784	684,782
Construction in progress	917,405	920,593	1,837,998	-
Total assets	$ 49,095,455	$ 6,314,756	$ 55,410,211	$ 8,261,650
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	$ 277,768	$ 25,197	$ 302,965	$ 171,855
Accrued liabilities	-	-	-	1,460,613
Accrued interest payable	398,883	-	398,883	-
Due to other governmental units	1,360,724	-	1,360,724	-
Long-term liabilities:				
Due within one year	857,110	98,000	955,110	37,893
Due in more than one year	33,624,870	2,648,000	36,272,870	551,711
Total liabilities	$ 36,519,355	$ 2,771,197	$ 39,290,552	$ 2,222,072
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred revenue - property taxes	$ 47,043	$ -	$ 47,043	$ -
Total deferred inflows of resources	$ 47,043	$ -	$ 47,043	$ -
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	$ 5,486,882	$ 3,514,141	$ 9,001,023	$ 6,370,357
Restricted	274,724	-	274,724	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	6,767,451	29,418	6,796,869	(330,779)
Total net position	$ 12,529,057	$ 3,543,559	$ 16,072,616	$ 6,039,578

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 2

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues: Charges for Services	Program Revenues: Operating Grants and Contributions	Program Revenues: Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position: Primary Government: Governmental Activities	Primary Government: Business-type Activities	Primary Government: Total	Component Unit: School Board
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:								
Governmental activities:								
General government administration	$ 1,745,031	$ -	$ 238,022	$ -	$ (1,507,009)		$ (1,507,009)	
Judicial administration	729,034	1,179	460,427	-	(267,428)		(267,428)	
Public safety	3,489,876	153,073	900,609	-	(2,436,194)		(2,436,194)	
Public works	1,341,207	6,448	5,000	-	(1,329,759)		(1,329,759)	
Health and welfare	2,034,759	-	1,103,547	-	(931,212)		(931,212)	
Education	13,264,282	-	-	-	(13,264,282)		(13,264,282)	
Parks, recreation, and cultural	160,216	-	-	-	(160,216)		(160,216)	
Community development	632,469	96	-	138,084	(494,289)		(494,289)	
Interest on long-term debt	1,565,816	-	-	-	(1,565,816)		(1,565,816)	
Total governmental activities	$ 24,962,690	$ 160,796	$ 2,707,605	$ 138,084	$ (21,956,205)		$ (21,956,205)	
Business-type activities:								
Sanitary District	$ 780,519	$ 429,355	$ -	$ -		$ (351,164)	$ (351,164)	
Total business-type activities	$ 780,519	$ 429,355	$ -	$ -		$ (351,164)	$ (351,164)	
Total primary government	$ 25,743,209	$ 590,151	$ 2,707,605	$ 138,084			$ (22,307,369)	
COMPONENT UNIT:								
School Board	$ 16,221,467	$ 124,838	$ 4,823,621	$ -				$ (11,273,008)
Total component unit	$ 16,221,467	$ 124,838	$ 4,823,621	$ -				$ (11,273,008)
General revenues:								
General property taxes					$ 16,291,941	$ -	$ 16,291,941	$ -
Other local taxes:								
Local sales and use taxes					684,738	-	684,738	-
Motor vehicle licenses					363,654	-	363,654	-
Taxes on recordation and wills					146,600	-	146,600	-
Consumer's utility taxes					339,962	-	339,962	-
Bank stock taxes					195,002	-	195,002	-
Other local taxes					57,253	-	57,253	-
Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property					156,407	743	157,150	40
Miscellaneous					120,296	19,312	139,608	233,308
Payments from Northumberland County					-	-	-	10,837,432
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs					1,430,889	-	1,430,889	-
Transfers					(174,251)	174,251	-	-
Total general revenues and transfers					$ 19,612,491	$ 194,306	$ 19,806,797	$ 11,070,780
Change in net position					$ (2,343,714)	$ (156,858)	$ (2,500,572)	$ (202,228)
Net position - beginning					14,872,771	3,700,417	18,573,188	6,241,806
Net position - ending					$ 12,529,057	$ 3,543,559	$ 16,072,616	$ 6,039,578

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 3

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2014

	General Fund	County Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 7,482,534	$ 165,046	$ 241,365	$ 7,888,945
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):				
Taxes receivable	756,834	-	-	756,834
Accounts receivable	52,032	-	28	52,060
Notes receivable	-	-	9,719	9,719
Due from other funds	198,848	-	-	198,848
Due from other governmental units	492,012		-	492,012
Total assets	$ 8,982,260	$ 165,046	$ 251,112	$ 9,398,418
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	$ 277,768	$ -	$ -	$ 277,768
Due to other governmental units	1,360,724	-	-	1,360,724
Total liabilities	$ 1,638,492	$ -	$ -	$ 1,638,492
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	$ 709,126	$ -	$ -	$ 709,126
Total deferred inflows of resources	$ 709,126	$ -	$ -	$ 709,126
Fund balances:				
Restricted	$ 2,720	$ 20,892	$ 251,112	274,724
Committed	-	144,154	-	144,154
Unassigned	6,631,922	-	-	6,631,922
Total fund balances	$ 6,634,642	$ 165,046	$ 251,112	$ 7,050,800
Total liabilities and fund balances	$ 8,982,260	$ 165,046	$ 251,112	$ 9,398,418

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 4

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds
To the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		$ 7,050,800
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		39,697,037
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:		
Unavailable property taxes		662,083
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:		
Lease revenue bond	$ (33,830,000)	
Bond premium	(380,155)	
Net OPEB obligation	(100,730)	
Accrued interest payable	(398,883)	
Compensated absences	(171,095)	(34,880,863)
Net position of governmental activities		$ 12,529,057

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 5

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	General Fund	County Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
REVENUES				
General property taxes	$ 16,246,598	$ -	$ -	$ 16,246,598
Other local taxes	1,787,209	-	-	1,787,209
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	107,766	-	-	107,766
Fines and forfeitures	28,476	-	-	28,476
Revenue from the use of money and property	156,392	-	15	156,407
Charges for services	9,069	-	15,485	24,554
Miscellaneous	121,468	-	(1,172)	120,296
Recovered costs	111,246	-	-	111,246
Intergovernmental:				
Commonwealth	3,407,722	-	-	3,407,722
Federal	690,359	138,084	40,413	868,856
Total revenues	$ 22,666,305	$ 138,084	$ 54,741	$ 22,859,130
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government administration	$ 1,525,218	$ -	$ -	$ 1,525,218
Judicial administration	726,972	-	-	726,972
Public safety	3,554,103	-	37,947	3,592,050
Public works	1,343,060	-	-	1,343,060
Health and welfare	2,041,404	-	-	2,041,404
Education	10,754,622	-	-	10,754,622
Parks, recreation, and cultural	160,000	-	-	160,000
Community development	398,097	-	-	398,097
Capital projects	468,374	218,919	-	687,293
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	1,110,000	-	-	1,110,000
Interest and other fiscal charges	1,591,296	-	-	1,591,296
Total expenditures	$ 23,673,146	$ 218,919	$ 37,947	$ 23,930,012
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	$ (1,006,841)	$ (80,835)	$ 16,794	$ (1,070,882)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	$ 3	$ -	$ -	$ 3
Transfers out	(174,251)	(3)	-	(174,254)
Total other financing sources (uses)	$ (174,248)	$ (3)	$ -	$ (174,251)
Net change in fund balances	$ (1,181,089)	$ (80,838)	$ 16,794	$ (1,245,133)
Fund balances - beginning	7,815,731	245,884	234,318	8,295,933
Fund balances - ending	$ 6,634,642	$ 165,046	$ 251,112	$ 7,050,800

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 6

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
To the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		$ (1,245,133)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:		
Capital outlay	$ 695,875	
Depreciation expense	(1,492,487)	
Transfer of joint tenancy assets to Component Unit from Primary Government	(90,872)	(887,484)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (I.e., sales, trade-ins, disposals and donations) is to decrease net position.		(1,383,130)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		45,343
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:		
Principal retired on school lease revenue bond	$ 800,000	
Principal retired on school general obligation	310,000	
Decrease in bond premium on lease revenue bond	16,529	1,126,529
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:		
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences	$ 11,710	
(Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation	(20,500)	
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable	8,951	161
Change in net position of governmental activities		$ (2,343,714)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 7

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Statement of Net Position
Proprietary Funds
June 30, 2014

	Enterprise Fund Sanitary District
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 167,572
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles	85,891
Total current assets	$ 253,463
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets:	
Land	$ 98,924
Construction in progress	920,593
Utility plant in service	7,552,780
Machinery and equipment	389,994
Accumulated depreciation	(2,702,150)
Total capital assets	$ 6,260,141
Total noncurrent assets	$ 6,260,141
Total assets	$ 6,513,604
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	$ 25,197
Due to other funds	198,848
Bonds payable - current portion	98,000
Total current liabilities	$ 322,045
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Bonds payable - net of current portion	$ 2,648,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	$ 2,648,000
Total liabilities	$ 2,970,045
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	$ 3,514,141
Unrestricted	29,418
Total net position	$ 3,543,559

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 8

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Enterprise Fund Sanitary District
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services:	
Sanitary district fees	$ 429,355
Miscellaneous	8,312
Total operating revenues	$ 437,667
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Personal services	$ 118,966
Fringe benefits	43,286
Other supplies and expenses	353,156
Depreciation	170,342
Total operating expenses	$ 685,750
Operating income (loss)	$ (248,083)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest income	$ 743
Connection fees	11,000
Interest and other fiscal charges	(94,769)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	$ (83,026)
Income before transfers	$ (331,109)
Transfers in	$ 174,251
Change in net position	$ (156,858)
Total net position - beginning	3,700,417
Total net position - ending	$ 3,543,559

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 9

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Enterprise Fund Sanitary District
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers and users	$	426,576
Payments to suppliers		(358,554)
Payments to and for employees		(162,252)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	$	(94,230)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Connection fees	$	11,000
Transfers from other funds		316,411
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	$	327,411
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of utility plant	$	(842,093)
Principal payments on bonds		(101,537)
Interest and other fiscal charges payments		(94,769)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	$	(1,038,399)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest income	$	743
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	$	743
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	$	(804,475)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		972,047
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	$	167,572
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	$	(248,083)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Depreciation	$	170,342
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(11,091)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(5,398)
Total adjustments	$	153,853
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	$	(94,230)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 10

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2014

	Agency Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 1,760,855
Total assets	$ 1,760,855
LIABILITIES	
Amounts held for others	$ 1,687,019
Amounts held for social services clients	73,836
Total liabilities	$ 1,760,855

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The County of Northumberland, Virginia (the "County") is governed by an elected five member Board of Supervisors. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police and fire protection, recreational activities, cultural events, education, and social services.

The financial statements of the County of Northumberland, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

Management's Discussion and Analysis - GASB Statement No. 34 requires the financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "Management's Discussion and Analysis" (MD&A).

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Statement of Net Position - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (government and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component unit. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Statement of Activities - The government-wide statement of activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Budgetary Comparison Schedules - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the GASB 34 reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports, a requirement to report the government's original budget with the comparison of final budget and actual results.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for the basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Northumberland (the primary government) and its component unit. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended Component Unit. The County has no blended component units at June 30, 2014.

Discretely Presented Component Units. The School Board members are elected by the citizens of Northumberland County. The School Board is responsible for the operations of the County's School System within the County boundaries. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding is from the General Fund of the County. The School Fund does not issue a separate financial report. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

C. Other Related Organizations

Included in the County's Financial Report

None

Excluded from the County's Annual Financial Report

Northern Neck Regional Jail Authority

The Northern Neck Regional Jail Authority is an intergovernmental (joint) venture, and therefore, its operations are not included in the County's financial statements. The participating jurisdictions' provide the financial support for the Authority and appoints its governing Board. The governing board has the ability to execute contracts and to budget and expend funds. No one locality contributes more than 50% of the Board's funding or has oversight responsibility over its operations.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation *(Continued)*

The government-wide statement of activities reflect both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.) The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation *(Continued)*

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The government reports the following governmental funds.

a. General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board.

b. Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The County Capital Projects Fund is considered a major fund.

c. Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Law Library, Forfeited Assets, Economic Development and Courthouse Security Funds are nonmajor special revenue funds.

2. Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to those found in private business enterprises. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds.

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds account for the financing of services to the general public where all or most of the operating expenses involved are recorded in the form of charges to users of such services. Enterprise Funds consist of the Sanitary District Fund.

3. Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds)

Fiduciary Funds account for assets held by the County unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Agency Funds and Private Purpose Trust Funds. These funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting described in the Governmental Fund Presentation. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. Agency funds consist of the following funds: Special Welfare, Road Improvement Bond, 350th Anniversary, Tornado Relief, Fallen Heroes, Northern Neck Regional Special Education, Animal Shelter, and School Board Employee Escrow.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government.

F. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value which approximates market; no investments are valued at cost. Certificates of deposit and short-term repurchase agreements are reported in the accompanying financial statements as cash and cash equivalents.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements.

G. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portions of the interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of the interfund loans).

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately $129,226 at June 30, 2014 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

Real and Personal Property Tax Data:

The tax calendars for real and personal property taxes are summarized below.

	Real Property	Personal Property
Levy	January 1	January 1
Due Date	December 5	December 5
Lien Date	January 1	January 1

The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as land, buildings, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than $5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The County does not have any infrastructure in its capital assets since roads, streets, bridges and similar assets within its boundaries are the property of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded as estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized for the fiscal year ending 2014.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building Improvements	40
Plant, equipment, and systems	35-45
Motor vehicles	5-10
Machinery and equipment	2-15

I. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the Statement of Activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Position. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulated rights to be received for sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

J. Retirement Plan

Retirement plan contributions are actuarially determined and consist of current service costs and amortization of prior service costs over a 30-year period. The County's policy is to fund pension cost as it accrues.

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

K. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

L. Net Position

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

M. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

N. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County does not have any deferred outflows of resources as of June 30, 2014.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County reported a deferred inflows of resources for property taxes unavailable at June 30, 2014. The County has one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources.

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

O. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

P. Fund Equity

The County reports fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance – amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;

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Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

P. Fund Equity (Continued)

- Committed fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance – amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance – amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by Board of Supervisors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

The details of governmental fund balance, as presented in aggregate on Exhibit 3, are as follows:

	General Fund	County Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Fund balances:				
Restricted:				
School construction (unspent bond proceeds)	$ 2,720	$ -	$ -	$ 2,720
Construction	-	20,892	-	20,892
Law library	-	-	773	773
Forfeited assets	-	-	148,952	148,952
Economic development	-	-	24,626	24,626
Courthouse security	-	-	76,761	76,761
Total restricted fund balance	$ 2,720	$ 20,892	$ 251,112	$ 274,724
Committed:				
Light Street rehab project	$ -	$ 144,154	$ -	$ 144,154
Total committed fund balance	$ -	$ 144,154	$ -	$ 144,154
Unassigned	$ 6,631,922	$ -	$ -	$ 6,631,922
Total fund balances	$ 6,634,642	$ 165,046	$ 251,112	$ 7,050,800

Note 2—Stewardship, Compliance, and Accounting:

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. On or before March 30th, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund level. The appropriation for each department or category can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The Board of Supervisors is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
5. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
6. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.

Expenditures and Appropriations

Expenditures exceeded appropriations at June 30, 2014 in the Forfeited Assets Fund.

Note 3—Deposits and Investments:

Deposits
Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. Seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments
Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Note 3—Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2014 were rated by Standard & Poor's and the ratings are presented below using Standard & Poor's rating scale. The County's investment policy has an emphasis on high credit quality and known marketability. Holdings of commercial paper are not allowed to exceed thirty-five percent of the investment portfolio.

County's Rated Debt Investments' Values

Rated Debt Investments	Fair Quality Ratings
	AAAm
Local Government Investment Pool	$ 11,889
U.S. Government Money Market Fund	15
Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Pool	2,720
Total	$ 14,624

Interest Rate Risk

According to the County's investment policy, at no time shall the maturity or duration of an investment exceed five years.

Investment Maturities (in years)

Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1 Year
U.S. Government Money Market Fund	$ 15	$ 15
Total	$ 15	$ 15

External Investment Pools

The State Non-Arbitrage Pool (SNAP) is an open-end management investment company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The fair value of the positions in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As this pool is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP maintains a policy to operate in a manner consistent with SEC Rule 2a-7.

Note 4—Due to/from Other Governments:

At June 30, 2014, the County has amounts due from other governments as follows:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board
Other Local Governments:		
County of Northumberland	$ -	$ 1,360,724
Commonwealth of Virginia:		
Local sales tax	140,206	-
Welfare	31,993	-
Comprehensive services	17,538	-
Rolling stock tax	4	-
State Sales Tax	-	236,249
Constitutional officer reimbursements	111,597	-
DMV license agent	1,871	-
Recordation tax	14,890	-
Mobile home titling tax	4,773	-
Fire programs fund	5,855	-
Health department	9,045	-
Wireless grant	6,840	-
Victim witness grant	17,729	-
Communications tax	64,819	-
PPTRA	8,356	-
Federal Government:		
School fund grants	-	35,495
Welfare	56,496	-
Total due from other governments	$ 492,012	$ 1,632,468

At June 30, 2014, amounts due to other local governments are as follows:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board
Other Local Governments:		
Northumberland County School Board	$ 1,360,724	$ -

Note 5—Capital Assets:

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014:

	Balance July 1, 2013	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2014
Primary Government:				
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:				
Land and land improvements	$ 894,628	$ -	$ -	$ 894,628
Contruction in progress	433,616	558,667	74,878	917,405
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	$ 1,328,244	$ 558,667	$ 74,878	$ 1,812,033
Capital assets subject to depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	$ 7,541,652	$ 74,878	$ 3,935,686	$ 3,680,844
Machinery and equipment	1,909,248	137,208	231,877	1,814,579
Jointly owned assets	41,484,327	-	106,680	41,377,647
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	$ 50,935,227	$ 212,086	$ 4,274,243	$ 46,873,070
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	$ 2,576,857	$ 285,908	$ 2,552,556	$ 310,209
Machinery and equipment	1,571,320	170,922	231,877	1,510,365
Jointly owned assets	6,147,643	1,035,657	15,808	7,167,492
Total accumulated depreciation	$ 10,295,820	$ 1,492,487	$ 2,800,241	$ 8,988,066
Total capital assets subject to depreciation, net	$ 40,639,407	$ (1,280,401)	$ 1,474,002	$ 37,885,004
Governmental activities capital assets, net	$ 41,967,651	$ (721,734)	$ 1,548,880	$ 39,697,037

	Balance July 1, 2013	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2014
Business-type Activities:				
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:				
Land and land improvements	$ 98,924	$ -	$ -	$ 98,924
Construction in progress	78,500	842,093	-	920,593
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	$ 177,424	$ 842,093	$ -	$ 1,019,517
Capital assets subject to depreciation:				
Utility plant in service	$ 7,552,780	$ -	$ -	$ 7,552,780
Machinery and equipment	389,994	-	-	389,994
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	$ 7,942,774	$ -	$ -	$ 7,942,774
Accumulated depreciation:				
Utility plant in service	$ 2,156,902	$ 169,824	$ -	$ 2,326,726
Machinery and equipment	374,906	518	-	375,424
Total accumulated depreciation	$ 2,531,808	$ 170,342	$ -	$ 2,702,150
Total capital assets subject to depreciation, net	$ 5,410,966	$ (170,342)	$ -	$ 5,240,624
Business-type capital assets, net	$ 5,588,390	$ 671,751	$ -	$ 6,260,141

Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014:

	Balance July 1, 2013	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2014
Component Unit-School Board:				
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:				
Land and land improvements	$ 23,929	$ -	$ -	$ 23,929
Capital assets subject to depreciation:				
Machinery and equipment	$ 2,703,090	$ 61,680	$ 112,700	$ 2,652,070
Jointly owned assets	6,741,155	-	(106,680)	6,847,835
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	$ 9,444,245	$ 61,680	$ 6,020	$ 9,499,905
Accumulated depreciation:				
Machinery and equipment	$ 1,944,111	$ 135,877	$ 112,700	$ 1,967,288
Jointly owned assets	998,984	171,397	(15,808)	1,186,189
Total accumulated depreciation	$ 2,943,095	$ 307,274	$ 96,892	$ 3,153,477
Total capital assets subject to depreciation, net	$ 6,501,150	$ (245,594)	$ (90,872)	$ 6,346,428
Component unit school board capital assets, net	$ 6,525,079	$ (245,594)	$ (90,872)	$ 6,370,357

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government administration	$ 295,780
Judicial administration	1,198
Public safety	133,064
Health and welfare	6,919
Education	1,035,658
Community development	19,868
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	$ 1,492,487
Business type activities:	
Sanitary District	$ 170,342
Total depreciation expense - primary government	$ 1,662,829
Component Unit School Board:	
Depreciation expense	$ 307,274

Note 6—Interfund Transfers:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2014, consisted of the following:

Fund	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Primary Government:		
General	$ 3	$ 174,251
County Capital Projects	-	3
Sanitary District	174,251	-
Total Primary Government	$ 174,254	$ 174,254
Component Unit-School Board:		
School Operating	$ -	$ 36,000
School Cafeteria	36,000	-
Total Component Unit - School Board	$ 36,000	$ 36,000

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

The following is a summary of due to/from other funds at June 30, 2014:

Fund	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables
Primary Government:		
General Fund	$ 198,848	$ -
Sanitary District Fund	-	198,848
	$ 198,848	$ 198,848

Note 7—Long Term Obligations:

Primary Government:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014:

	Balance at July 1, 2013	Issuances/ Increases	Retirements/ Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2014	Amounts Due Within One Year
Primary Government Obligations:					
Governmental Activities Obligations:					
Incurred by County:					
Compensated absences	$ 182,805	$ 6,571	$ 18,281	$ 171,095	$ 17,110
Net OPEB obligation	80,230	25,900	5,400	100,730	-
Total incurred by County	$ 263,035	$ 32,471	$ 23,681	$ 271,825	$ 17,110
Incurred by School Board:					
General obligation bond	$ 310,000	$ -	$ 310,000	$ -	$ -
Lease revenue bond	34,630,000	-	800,000	33,830,000	840,000
Bond premium	396,684	-	16,529	380,155	-
Total incurred by School Board	$ 35,336,684	$ -	$ 1,126,529	$ 34,210,155	$ 840,000
Total Governmental Activities Obligations	$ 35,599,719	$ 32,471	$ 1,150,210	$ 34,481,980	$ 857,110
Business-type Activities Obligations:					
Revenue bonds	$ 2,847,537	$ -	$ 101,537	$ 2,746,000	$ 98,000
Total Primary Government Obligations	$ 38,447,256	$ 32,471	$ 1,251,747	$ 37,227,980	$ 955,110

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	
Year Ending	Lease Revenue Bond	
June 30	Principal	Interest
2015	$ 840,000	$ 1,542,530
2016	880,000	1,499,531
2017	925,000	1,454,406
2018	970,000	1,411,881
2019	1,010,000	1,372,281
2020	1,055,000	1,325,706
2021	1,105,000	1,277,231
2022	1,155,000	1,226,256
2023	1,215,000	1,167,006
2024	1,275,000	1,104,756
2025	1,340,000	1,039,381
2026	1,410,000	970,631
2027	1,480,000	898,381
2028	1,555,000	826,522
2029	1,625,000	755,225
2030	1,700,000	680,662
2031	1,775,000	602,725
2032	1,860,000	521,193
2033	1,945,000	435,712
2034	2,035,000	346,163
2035	2,125,000	252,562
2036	2,225,000	154,688
2037	2,325,000	52,312
Total	$ 33,830,000	$ 20,917,741

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Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows: (Continued)

	Business-type Activities	
Year Ending	Revenue Bonds	
June 30	Principal	Interest
2015	$ 98,000	$ 91,167
2016	102,000	87,914
2017	105,000	84,527
2018	108,000	81,041
2019	112,000	77,456
2020	117,000	73,737
2021	119,000	69,853
2022	125,000	65,902
2023	127,000	61,752
2024	132,000	57,536
2025	136,000	53,153
2026	142,000	48,638
2027	248,000	43,924
2028	256,000	35,690
2029	264,000	27,191
2030	273,000	18,426
2031	282,000	9,362
Total	$ 2,746,000	$ 987,269

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Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follows:

Long-Term Obligations:

	Total Amount
Governmental Activities:	
Incurred by County:	
Net OPEB obligation (payable by General Fund)	$ 100,730
Compensated absences (payable by General Fund)	$ 171,095
Total Incurred by County	$ 271,825
Incurred by School Board:	
Lease Revenue Bond:	
$38,815,000 lease revenue bond issued October 1, 2006, due in varying annual principal installments through October 1, 2036, interest payable semi-annually at varying interest rates.	$ 33,830,000
Bond premium	$ 380,155
Total incurred by School Board	$ 34,210,155
Total Long-Term Obligations, Governmental Activities	$ 34,481,980

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Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follows: (Continued)

	Total Amount
Business-type Activities:	
Revenue Bond:	
$3,030,000 Revenue Bond issued February 16, 2012, principal due in varying annual installments each July 1, interest due semi-annually through January, 2027 at 3.32%, interest rate may reset on January 1, 2027.	$ 2,746,000
Total Revenue Bond	$ 2,746,000
Total Long-Term Obligations, Enterprise Fund	$ 2,746,000
Total Long-Term Obligations, Primary Government	$ 37,227,980

Component Unit - School Board:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligation transactions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014:

	Balance at July 1, 2013	Increases	Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2014	Amounts Due Within One Year
Component Unit-School Board:					
Compensated absences	$ 350,164	$ 63,780	$ 35,016	$ 378,928	$ 37,893
Net OPEB obligation	185,042	86,834	61,200	210,676	-
Total Component Unit-School Board	$ 535,206	$ 150,614	$ 96,216	$ 589,604	$ 37,893

Note 8—Unearned and Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

Unearned and Unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. The County reports unavailable revenue totaling $709,126 and deferred revenue totaling $47,043 which is compiled of the following:

Unavailable Property Tax Revenue - Unavailable revenue representing uncollected tax billings not available for funding of current expenditures totaled $662,083 at June 30, 2014.

Prepaid Property Taxes – Property taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2014 but paid in advance by the taxpayers totaled $47,043 at June 30, 2014.

Deferred Revenue – Deferred revenue representing prepaid taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2014 totaled $47,043.

Note 9—Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and discretely presented component unit participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements.

While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 10—Litigation:

At June 30, 2014, there were no matters of litigation involving the County or which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to the County.

Note 11—Risk Management:

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurance.

The County is a member of the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association for workers' compensation and public officials' liability coverage with the Virginia Association of Counties Group Self Insurance Risk Pool. This program is administered by a servicing contractor, which furnishes claims review and processing.

Note 11—Risk Management: (Continued)

Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of losses. During the last three fiscal years, settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage.

Note 12–Pension Plan:

A. Plan Description

Name of Plan:	Virginia Retirement System (VRS)
Identification of Plan:	Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Pension Plan
Administering Entity:	Virginia Retirement System (System)

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions and employees of participating employers are automatically covered by VRS upon employment. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and they and their employer are paying contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior public service, active duty military service, certain periods of leave and previously refunded VRS service as service credit in their plan.

Within the VRS Plan, the System administers three different benefit plans for local government employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each plan has different eligibility and benefit structures as set out below:

VRS – PLAN 1

1. **Plan Overview** - VRS Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for VRS Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.

2. **Eligible Members** - Employees are in VRS Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.

3. **Hybrid Opt-In Election** - VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

   The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible VRS Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

   If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

   Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under VRS Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as VRS Plan 1 or ORP.

Note 12–Pension Plan: *(Continued)*

A. Plan Description (Continued)

VRS – PLAN 1 (CONTINUED)

4. **Retirement Contributions** - Members contribute up to 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some school divisions and political subdivisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution; all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.

5. **Creditable Service** - Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

6. **Vesting** - Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.

   Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

7. **Calculating the Benefit** - The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.

   An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.

8. **Average Final Compensation** - A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.

9. **Service Retirement Multiplier** - The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.7%. The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.7% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.

10. **Normal Retirement Age -** Age 65.

Note 12–Pension Plan: *(Continued)*

A. Plan Description (Continued)

VRS – PLAN 1 (CONTINUED)

11. **Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility** - Members who are not in hazardous duty positions are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.

    Hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.

12. **Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility** - Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.

13. **Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement** - The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.

14. **Eligibility -** For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.

    For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.

15. **Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates** - The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:

    - The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.
    - The member retires on disability.
    - The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP).
    - The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.
    - The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.

Note 12–Pension Plan: *(Continued)*

A. Plan Description (Continued)

VRS – PLAN 1 (CONTINUED)

16. **Disability Coverage** - Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

    Most state employees are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement.

    VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

17. **Purchase of Prior Service** - Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.

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Note 12–Pension Plan: *(Continued)*

A. Plan Description (Continued)

VRS – PLAN 2

1. **Plan Overview** - VRS Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for VRS Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.

2. **Eligible Members** - Employees are in VRS Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.

3. **Hybrid Opt-In Election** - VRS Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

   The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible VRS Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

   If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

   Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under VRS Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as VRS Plan 2 or ORP.

4. **Retirement Contributions** – Same as VRS Plan 1–Refer to Section 4.

5. **Creditable Service** – Same as VRS Plan 1– Refer to Section 5.

6. **Vesting** – Same as VRS Plan 1–Refer to Section 6.

7. **Calculating the Benefit** – Same as VRS Plan 1–Refer to Section 7.

8. **Average Final Compensation -** A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.

9. **Service Retirement Multiplier -** Same as Plan1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2014. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2014.

10. **Normal Retirement Age -** Normal Social Security retirement age.

Note 12–Pension Plan: *(Continued)*

A. Plan Description (Continued)

VRS – PLAN 2 (CONTINUED)

11. **Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility -** Members who are not in hazardous duty positions are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit when they reach normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.

    Hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.

12. **Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility -** Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.

13. **Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement -** The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.

14. **Eligibility** – Same as VRS Plan 1–Refer to Section 14.

15. **Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates** – Same as VRS Plan 1–Refer to Section 15.

16. **Disability Coverage** - Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

    Most state employees are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement.

    VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

17. **Purchase of Prior Service** – Same as VRS Plan 1–Refer to Section 17.

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN

1. **Plan Overview** - The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (See "Eligible Members")

    - The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.

    - The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.

Note 12–Pension Plan: *(Continued)*

A. Plan Description (Continued)

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

1. Plan Overview (Continued)

- In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.

2. Eligible Members - Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes:

- State employees*
- School division employees
- Political subdivision employees*
- Judges appointed or elected to an original term on or after January 1, 2014
- Members in VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014

3. *Non-Eligible Members - Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include:

- Members of the State Police Officers' Retirement System (SPORS)
- Members of the Virginia Law Officers' Retirement System (VaLORS)
- Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees

Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.

4. Retirement Contributions - A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.

Note 12–Pension Plan: *(Continued)*

A. Plan Description (Continued)

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

5. Creditable Service

Defined Benefit Component - Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

Defined Contribution Component - Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.

6. Vesting

Defined Benefit Component - Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.

Defined Contribution Component - Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.

Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.

- After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions.
- After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions.
- After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions.

Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.

Note 12–Pension Plan: *(Continued)*

A. Plan Description (Continued)

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

7. Calculating the Benefit

Defined Benefit Component – Same as VRS Plan 1–Refer to Section 7.

Defined Contribution Component - The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.

8. Average Final Compensation – Same as VRS Plan 2–Refer to Section 8. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.

9. Service Retirement Multiplier - The retirement multiplier is 1.0%.

For members that opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

10. Normal Retirement Age

Defined Benefit Component – Same as VRS Plan 2–Refer to Section 10.

Defined Contribution Component - Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

11. Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility

Defined Benefit Component - Members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit when they reach normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.

Defined Contribution Component - Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

12. Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility

Defined Benefit Component – Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.

Defined Contribution Component – Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Note 12–Pension Plan: *(Continued)*

A. Plan Description (Continued)

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

13. Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement

Defined Benefit Component – Same as VRS Plan 2–Refer to Section 13.

Defined Contribution Component – Not Applicable.

14. Eligibility – Same as VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2–Refer to Section 14.

15. Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates – Same as VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2–Refer to Section 15.

16. Disability Coverage - Eligible political subdivision and school division members (including VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.

State employees (including VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 opt-ins) participating in the Hybrid Retirement Plan are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement.

Hybrid members (including VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VSDP or VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

17. Purchase of Prior Service

Defined Benefit Component - Same as VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2–Refer to Section 17.

Defined Contribution Component – Not Applicable.

The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2013-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 12–Pension Plan: *(Continued)*

B. Funding Policy

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution. In addition, the County is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the Code of Virginia and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The County and School Board non-professional's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2014 were 13.06% and 11.36% of annual covered payroll, respectively.

The School Board's professional employees contributed $860,880, $782,648 and $422,937 to the teacher cost-sharing pool for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 respectively and these contributions represented 11.66%, 11.66% and 6.33% for 2014, 2013, and 2012, respectively, of current covered payroll.

C. Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2014, the County's annual pension cost of $439,811 was equal to the County's required and actual contributions.

Three Year Trend Information

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Pension Cost (APC) (1)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
County:			
June 30, 2014	$ 439,811	100%	$ -
June 30, 2013	430,522	100%	-
June 30, 2012	311,655	100%	-

(1) Employer portion only

Note 12–Pension Plan: *(Continued)*

C. Annual Pension Cost (Continued)

For fiscal year 2014, the School Board's annual pension cost for the School Board's non-professional employees was $71,544 which was equal to the School Board's required and actuarial contributions.

Three Year Trend Information - School Board Non-Professional

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Pension Cost (APC) (1)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
School Board:			
Non-Professional:			
June 30, 2014	$ 71,544	100%	$ -
June 30, 2013	71,971	100%	-
June 30, 2012	57,075	100%	-

(1) Employer portion only

The fiscal year 2014 required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2011 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2011 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.00%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% per year for general government employees, 3.75% to 6.20% per year for teachers, and 3.50% to 4.75% for employees eligible for enhanced benefits available to law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50% per year for Plan 1 employees and 2.25% for Plan 2 employees. Both the investment rate of return and the projected salary increases include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the County and School Board's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The County and School Board's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2011 for the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was 30 years.

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the County's plan was 78.42% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was $15,059,895, and the actuarial value of assets was $11,809,519, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of $3,250,376. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was $3,230,205, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 100.62%.

As of June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the School Board's plan was 74.96% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was $3,944,773 and the actuarial value of assets was $2,956,862, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of $987,911. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was $639,505 and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 154.48%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits.

Note 13–Surety Bonds:

	Amount
Division of Risk Management Surety Bond:	
Commonwealth Funds	
Deborah T. Bingham, Clerk of the Circuit Court	$ 103,000
Ellen Kirby, Treasurer	400,000
Todd E. Thomas, Commissioner of the Revenue	3,000
Charles A. Wilkins, Sheriff	30,000
Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland - Surety:	
Board of Supervisors and County Administrator	1,000
Association of Counties Group Self Insurance Risk Pool:	
Public Officials Liability	2,000,000
Employee Dishonesty Policy	250,000

Note 14–Commitments:

The County of Northumberland entered into a financing lease agreement dated June 29, 2000 with the Counties of Westmoreland and Richmond to lease a portion of the two counties interest in the Northern Neck Regional Jail located in the Town of Warsaw, Virginia. Annual rental payments of $345,838 are to be made through December 15, 2015 with 64% payable to the Northern Neck Regional Jail Board and 36% payable to Richmond County. Annual rental payments are subject to appropriation. After all scheduled lease payments are made Northumberland County will hold an ownership interest in the Regional Jail Facility of 25%.

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Note 15–Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance:

Background

Beginning in fiscal year 2009, the County of Northumberland implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45 for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) offered to retirees. The standard addresses how local governments should account for the report their costs related to postemployment health care and other non-pension benefits, such as the County and School Board retiree health benefit subsidy. Historically, the County and the School Board subsidy was funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, but GASB Statement No. 45 requires that the County and the School Board accrue the cost of the retiree health subsidy and other postemployment benefits during the period of the employees' active employment, while the benefits are being earned, and disclosed the unfunded actuarial accrued liability in order to accurately account for the total future cost of post-employment benefits and the financial impact on the County and the School Board. This funding methodology mirrors the funding approach used for pension benefits.

A. Plan Description

The County of Northumberland and the County of Northumberland School Board offer eligible retirees post-retirement medical and dental coverage if they retire directly from the County or Schools and are eligible to receive an early or regular retirement benefit from the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). Health benefits include medical, dental and vision coverage.

B. Funding Policy

The County and the School Board in Northumberland allow retirees and their spouses continue to participate in the County and School Board's medical, dental and disability coverage plans. The retiree pays 100% of all premiums. Benefits coverage stops at age 65 or upon the employees death.

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Note 15–Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County and School Board's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the *annual required contribution of the employer (ARC).* The County and School Board have elected to calculate the ARC as the normal cost plus amortization of the unfunded portion of actuarial accrued liability in compliance with GASB 45 parameters. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The estimated contributions are based on projected medical premium payments and credit for the implicit rate subsidy made during the year for the retired employees by the County and School Board. The following table shows the components of the County and School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County and School Board's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board
Annual required contribution	$ 25,900	$ 87,200
Interest on net OPEB obligation	3,209	6,476
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(3,209)	(6,842)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	$ 25,900	$ 86,834
Contributions made	(5,400)	(61,200)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	$ 20,500	$ 25,634
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year	80,230	185,042
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	$ 100,730	$ 210,676

Note 15–Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

The County and School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal years 2014 and the two preceding years were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
County :			
6/30/2012	$ 23,051	4.34%	$ 58,930
6/30/2013	24,500	13.06%	80,230
6/30/2014	25,900	20.85%	100,730
School Board:			
6/30/2012	$ 69,700	52.37%	$ 151,619
6/30/2013	85,023	60.69%	185,042
6/30/2014	86,834	70.48%	210,676

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the County's actuarial accrued liability for benefits was $167,200, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was $3,156,800, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 5.30%.

As of January 1, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the School Board's actuarial accrued liability for benefits was $1,018,300, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was $7,730,300, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 13.17%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples included assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Note 15–Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The cost method for valuation of liabilities used for this valuation is the Projected Unit Credit (PUC) Actuarial Cost Method. A PUC accrued benefit is determined for each active member in the Plan on the basis of the member's benefit projected to the assumed date of retirement and the member's creditable service at the valuation date. The actuarial liability for retirement benefits is the sum of the actuarial present value of the PUC accrued benefit of each active member. The normal cost for retirement benefits is the sum of the actuarial present value for the expected increase in the PUC accrued benefit during the plan year for each active member under the assumed retirement age.

The following simplifying assumptions were made:

Retirement age for active employees-The actuary used medical trend rates consistent with information from the Getzen Trend Model, Milliman's *Health Cost Guidelines* and actuarial judgment to project retirement trends. These trends rates do not include the effects of changes in demographics of the covered group.

Mortality-Life expectancies were based on mortality tables from the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables for males and females projected to 2014 using Scale AA.

Coverage elections – The actuary used medical trend data consistent with information from the Getzen Trend Model, Milliman's *Health Cost Guidelines* and actuarial judgment. The actuary assumed that 20% of eligible retirees will elect coverage and 20% of retirees who elect coverage will cover their spouse.

Based on the historical and expected returns of the County and School Board's short-term investment portfolio, a discount of 4.00% was used. In addition, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at January 1, 2012 and January 1, 2014, respectively, was thirty years.

Note 16—Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) – Health Insurance Credit:

A. Plan Description

Northumberland County participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is an agent and cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

Employees of Northumberland County who retire under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and are enrolled in a health insurance plan, are eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of $1.50 per year of creditable service up to a maximum monthly credit of $45. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive the maximum monthly health insurance credit of $45.

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the Code of Virginia. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to §51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 12.

B. Funding Policy

As a participating local political subdivision, the County is required to contribute the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program using the actuarial basis specified by the Code of Virginia and the VRS Board of Trustees. The County's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2014 were .010% of annual covered payroll.

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The annual cost of OPEB under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, is based on the annual required contribution (ARC). The County is required to contribute the ARC, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Note 16—Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) – Health Insurance Credit: (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

For 2014, the County's contribution of $132 was equal to the ARC and OPEB cost. The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2014 and the two preceding years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual OPEB Cost (ARC)	Percentage of ARC Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
June 30, 2014	$ 132	100%	$ -
June 30, 2013	134	100%	-
June 30, 2012	619	100%	-

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	$ 31,903
Actuarial value of plan assets	$ 39,494
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	$ (7,591)
Fundid ration (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	123.79%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	$ 729,311
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	-1.04%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future and reflect a long-term perspective. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used included techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Note 16—Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) – Health Insurance Credit: (Continued)

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: (Continued)

Retiree postemployment benefit expenses are determined under the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method. Under this method, benefits are projected for life and their present value is determined. The present value is divided into equal parts, which are earned over the period from date of hire to the full eligibility date.

The entry age normal cost method was used to determine the plan's funding liabilities and costs. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.0% investment rate of return, compounded annually, including an inflation component of 2.5%, and a payroll growth rate of 3%. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2012 was 29 years using an open amortization period.

F. Professional Employees – Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board

The School Board professional employees participate in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of $4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of $4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is 1.11% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were $81,953, $74,506 and $40,089, respectively and equaled the required contributions for each year.

Note 17—Upcoming Pronouncements:

The GASB has issued Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions; an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27." This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 27 and No. 50 related to pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements. The requirements of Statement No. 27 and No. 50 remain applicable for pensions that are not administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The County has not determined the impact of this pronouncement on its financial statements.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Presented budgets were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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Exhibit 11

County of Northumberland, Virginia
General Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Budgeted Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
General property taxes	$ 16,242,000	$ 16,242,000	$ 16,246,598	$ 4,598
Other local taxes	1,762,000	1,762,000	1,787,209	25,209
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	123,400	123,400	107,766	(15,634)
Fines and forfeitures	25,000	25,000	28,476	3,476
Revenue from the use of money and property	167,000	167,000	156,392	(10,608)
Charges for services	8,239	8,239	9,069	830
Miscellaneous	246,700	246,700	121,468	(125,232)
Recovered costs	87,941	87,941	111,246	23,305
Intergovernmental:				
Commonwealth	4,148,553	4,148,553	3,407,722	(740,831)
Federal	950,000	950,000	690,359	(259,641)
Total revenues	$ 23,760,833	$ 23,760,833	$ 22,666,305	$ (1,094,528)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government administration	$ 1,583,484	$ 1,607,312	$ 1,525,218	$ 82,094
Judicial administration	826,862	841,376	726,972	114,404
Public safety	3,999,775	4,119,659	3,554,103	565,556
Public works	1,227,552	1,227,552	1,343,060	(115,508)
Health and welfare	3,051,554	3,051,554	2,041,404	1,010,150
Education	10,990,429	11,239,062	10,754,622	484,440
Parks, recreation, and cultural	160,000	160,000	160,000	-
Community development	470,169	470,169	398,097	72,072
Capital projects	79,400	284,400	468,374	(183,974)
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	1,110,000	1,110,000	1,110,000	-
Interest and other fiscal charges	1,591,296	1,591,296	1,591,296	-
Total expenditures	$ 25,090,521	$ 25,702,380	$ 23,673,146	$ 2,029,234
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	$ (1,329,688)	$ (1,941,547)	$ (1,006,841)	$ 934,706
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	$ -	$ -	$ 3	$ 3
Transfers out	-	-	(174,251)	(174,251)
Issuance of bonds	575,000	575,000	-	(575,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	$ 575,000	$ 575,000	$ (174,248)	$ (749,248)
Net change in fund balances	$ (754,688)	$ (1,366,547)	$ (1,181,089)	$ 185,458
Fund balances - beginning	6,400,000	7,011,859	7,815,731	803,872
Fund balances - ending	$ 5,645,312	$ 5,645,312	$ 6,634,642	$ 989,330

Exhibit 12

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Schedule of Pension Funding Progress
As of June 30, 2014

Primary Government:

County Retirement Plan

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio Assets as % of AAL	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll
6/30/2013	$ 11,809,519	$ 15,059,895	3,250,376	78.42%	$ 3,230,205	100.62%
6/30/2012	11,289,537	14,934,921	3,645,384	75.59%	3,113,964	117.07%
6/30/2011	11,242,749	14,778,214	3,535,465	76.08%	3,057,220	115.64%
6/30/2010	10,913,563	14,041,990	3,128,427	77.72%	3,057,420	102.32%
6/30/2009	10,884,027	12,725,284	1,841,257	85.53%	3,017,259	61.02%
6/30/2008	10,817,157	12,168,772	1,351,615	88.89%	2,921,685	46.26%
6/30/2007	9,996,319	10,617,421	621,102	94.15%	2,807,947	22.12%
6/30/2006	8,921,038	9,557,192	636,154	93.34%	2,562,644	24.82%
6/30/2005	8,416,193	9,254,979	838,786	90.94%	2,427,532	34.55%
6/30/2004	8,250,120	8,001,890	(248,230)	103.10%	2,297,166	-10.81%

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

School Board Non-Professional Retirement Plan

6/30/2013	$ 2,956,862	$ 3,944,773	$ 987,911	74.96%	$ 639,505	154.48%
6/30/2012	2,881,612	4,061,963	1,180,351	70.94%	617,127	191.27%
6/30/2011	2,937,341	3,867,081	929,740	75.96%	645,709	143.99%
6/30/2010	2,892,354	3,814,626	922,272	75.82%	640,502	143.99%
6/30/2009	2,880,290	3,444,758	564,468	83.61%	672,605	83.92%
6/30/2008	2,832,189	3,267,080	434,891	86.69%	687,047	63.30%
6/30/2007	2,571,732	3,082,963	511,231	83.42%	693,091	73.76%
6/30/2006	2,284,720	2,866,806	582,086	79.70%	681,421	85.42%
6/30/2005	2,143,029	2,698,627	555,598	79.41%	686,497	80.93%
6/30/2004	2,041,274	2,265,181	223,907	90.12%	673,026	33.27%

Exhibit 13

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Schedule of OPEB Funding Progress - Retiree Health Plan and Health Insurance Credit Plan
As of June 30, 2014

Primary Government:

County Retirement Plan

Actuarial Valuation Date*	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll
1/1/2009	$ -	$ 193,500	$ 193,500	0.00%	$ 3,044,100	6.36%
1/1/2012	-	167,200	167,200	0.00%	3,156,800	5.30%

Health Insurance Credit Program Through Virginia Retirement System:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll
6/30/2013	$ 39,494	$ 31,903	$ (7,591)	123.79%	$ 729,311	-1.04%
6/30/2012	36,475	26,232	(10,243)	139.05%	583,042	-1.76%
6/30/2011	37,680	30,423	(7,257)	123.85%	566,329	-1.28%
6/30/2010	33,097	30,863	(2,234)	107.24%	3,057,420	-0.07%
6/30/2009	29,381	29,372	(9)	100.03%	3,017,259	0.00%
6/30/2008	38,020	31,429	(6,591)	120.97%	2,921,685	-0.23%
6/30/2007	26,715	46,253	19,538	57.76%	2,807,947	0.70%

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

School Board Non-Professional Retirement Plan

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll
1/1/2009	$ -	$ 648,600	$ 648,600	0.00%	$ 8,060,600	8.05%
1/1/2011	-	660,900	660,900	0.00%	7,899,500	8.37%
1/1/2013	-	1,018,300	1,018,300	0.00%	7,730,300	13.17%

* Only two years valuation available

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OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUNDS STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

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Exhibit 14

County of Northumberland, Virginia
County Capital Projects Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Budgeted Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental:				
Federal	$ 100,000	$ 100,000	$ 138,084	$ 38,084
Total revenues	$ 100,000	$ 100,000	$ 138,084	$ 38,084
EXPENDITURES				
Capital projects	$ 100,000	$ 221,285	$ 218,919	$ 2,366
Total expenditures	$ 100,000	$ 221,285	$ 218,919	$ 2,366
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	$ -	$ (121,285)	$ (80,835)	$ 40,450
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	$ -	$ -	$ (3)	$ (3)
Total other financing sources (uses)	$ -	$ -	$ (3)	$ (3)
Net change in fund balances	$ -	$ (121,285)	$ (80,838)	$ 40,447
Fund balances - beginning	-	121,285	245,884	124,599
Fund balances - ending	$ -	$ -	$ 165,046	$ 165,046

Exhibit 15

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
June 30, 2014

	Law Library Fund	Forfeited Assets Fund	Economic Development Fund	Courthouse Security Fund	Total
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 773	$ 148,952	$ 14,907	$ 76,733	$ 241,365
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):					
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	28	28
Notes receivable	-	-	9,719	-	9,719
Total assets	$ 773	$ 148,952	$ 24,626	$ 76,761	$ 251,112
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Fund balances:					
Restricted	$ 773	$ 148,952	$ 24,626	$ 76,761	$ 251,112
Total fund balances	$ 773	$ 148,952	$ 24,626	$ 76,761	$ 251,112

Exhibit 16

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Law Library Fund	Forfeited Assets Fund	Economic Development Fund	Courthouse Security Fund	Total
REVENUES					
Revenue from the use of money and property	$ -	$ -	$ 15	$ -	$ 15
Charges for services	-	-	-	15,485	15,485
Miscellaneous	-	(1,172)	-	-	(1,172)
Intergovernmental:					
Federal	-	40,413	-	-	40,413
Total revenues	$ -	$ 39,241	$ 15	$ 15,485	$ 54,741
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Public safety	$ -	$ 37,947	$ -	$ -	$ 37,947
Total expenditures	$ -	$ 37,947	$ -	$ -	$ 37,947
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	$ -	$ 1,294	$ 15	$ 15,485	$ 16,794
Net change in fund balances	$ -	$ 1,294	$ 15	$ 15,485	$ 16,794
Fund balances - beginning	773	147,658	24,611	61,276	234,318
Fund balances - ending	$ 773	$ 148,952	$ 24,626	$ 76,761	$ 251,112

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Law Library Fund				Forfeited Assets Fund			
	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES								
Revenue from the use of money and property	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,172)	(1,172)
Intergovernmental:								
Federal	-	-	-	-	-	-	40,413	40,413
Total revenues	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 39,241	$ 39,241
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public safety	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 37,947	$ (37,947)
Total expenditures	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 37,947	$ (37,947)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 1,294	$ 1,294
Net change in fund balances	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 1,294	$ 1,294
Fund balances - beginning	-	-	773	773	-	-	147,658	147,658
Fund balances - ending	$ -	$ -	$ 773	$ 773	$ -	$ -	$ 148,952	$ 148,952

Economic Development Fund				Courthouse Security Fund			
Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
$ -	$ -	$ 15	$ 15	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-	15,485	15,485
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
$ -	$ -	$ 15	$ 15	$ -	$ -	$ 15,485	$ 15,485
$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
$ -	$ -	$ 15	$ 15	$ -	$ -	$ 15,485	$ 15,485
$ -	$ -	$ 15	$ 15	$ -	$ -	$ 15,485	$ 15,485
-	-	24,611	24,611	-	-	61,276	61,276
$ -	$ -	$ 24,626	$ 24,626	$ -	$ -	$ 76,761	$ 76,761

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2014

	Agency Funds			
	Special Welfare	Road Improvement Bond	350th Anniversary	Tornado Relief
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 73,836	$ 45,821	$ 104	$ 10,137
Total assets	$ 73,836	$ 45,821	$ 104	$ 10,137
LIABILITIES				
Amounts held for others	$ -	$ 45,821	$ 104	$ 10,137
Amounts held for social services clients	73,836	-	-	-
Total liabilities	$ 73,836	$ 45,821	$ 104	$ 10,137

Exhibit 18

Agency Funds			
Fallen Heroes	Northern Neck Regional Special Education	Animal Shelter	Total
$ 173	$ 1,525,783	$ 105,001	$ 1,760,855
$ 173	$ 1,525,783	$ 105,001	$ 1,760,855
$ 173	$ 1,525,783	$ 105,001	$ 1,687,019
-	-	-	73,836
$ 173	$ 1,525,783	$ 105,001	$ 1,760,855

Exhibit 19

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Combined Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	Deductions	Balance End of Year
Special Welfare:				
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 92,709	$ 99,789	$ 118,662	$ 73,836
Liabilities:				
Amounts held for social services clients	$ 92,709	$ 99,789	$ 118,662	$ 73,836
Road Improvement Bond:				
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 48,354	$ 24,818	$ 27,351	$ 45,821
Liabilities:				
Amounts held for others	$ 48,354	$ 24,818	$ 27,351	$ 45,821
350th Anniversary:				
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 104	$ -	$ -	$ 104
Liabilities:				
Amounts held for others	$ 104	$ -	$ -	$ 104
Tornado Relief:				
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 10,137	$ -	$ -	$ 10,137
Liabilities:				
Amounts held for others	$ 10,137	$ -	$ -	$ 10,137
Fallen Heroes:				
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 173	$ -	$ -	$ 173
Liabilities:				
Amounts held for others	$ 173	$ -	$ -	$ 173

Exhibit 19

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Combined Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	Deductions	Balance End of Year
Northern Neck Regional Special Education:				
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 1,135,236	$ 2,079,295	$ 1,688,748	$ 1,525,783
Liabilities:				
Amounts held for others	$ 1,135,236	$ 2,079,295	$ 1,688,748	$ 1,525,783
Animal Shelter:				
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 142,245	$ 56,621	$ 93,865	$ 105,001
Liabilities:				
Amounts held for others	$ 142,245	$ 56,621	$ 93,865	$ 105,001
School Board Employee Escrow:				
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 8,464	$ 4	$ 8,468	$ -
Liabilities:				
Amounts held for others	$ 8,464	$ 4	$ 8,468	$ -
Totals -- All Agency Funds				
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 1,437,422	$ 2,260,527	$ 1,937,094	$ 1,760,855
Total assets	$ 1,437,422	$ 2,260,527	$ 1,937,094	$ 1,760,855
Liabilities:				
Amounts held for others	$ 1,344,713	$ 2,160,738	$ 1,818,432	$ 1,687,019
Amounts held for social services clients	92,709	99,789	118,662	73,836
Total liabilities	$ 1,437,422	$ 2,260,527	$ 1,937,094	$ 1,760,855

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DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT
SCHOOL BOARD

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Exhibit 20

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Combining Balance Sheet
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board - Governmental Funds
June 30, 2014

	School Operating Fund	Health Insurance Recovery Fund	School Cafeteria Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 2,000	$ 160,267	$ -	$ 162,267
Cash in custody of others	-	-	96,558	96,558
Due from other governmental units	1,632,468	-	-	1,632,468
Total assets	$ 1,634,468	$ 160,267	$ 96,558	$ 1,891,293
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	$ 171,855	$ -	$ -	$ 171,855
Accrued liabilities	1,460,613	-	-	1,460,613
Total liabilities	$ 1,632,468	$ -	$ -	$ 1,632,468
Fund balances:				
Committed:				
School Operating Fund	$ 2,000	$ -	$ -	$ 2,000
School Cafeteria Fund	-	-	96,558	96,558
Assigned				
Health Insurance Recovery Fund	-	160,267	-	160,267
Total fund balances	$ 2,000	$ 160,267	$ 96,558	$ 258,825
Total liabilities and fund balances	$ 1,634,468	$ 160,267	$ 96,558	$ 1,891,293

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:

Total fund balances per above		$ 258,825
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Capital assets, cost	$ 9,523,834	
Accumulated depreciation	(3,153,477)	6,370,357
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(589,604)
Net position of governmental activities		$ 6,039,578

Exhibit 21

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	School Operating Fund	Health Insurance Recovery Fund	School Cafeteria Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Revenue from the use of money and property	$ -	$ -	$ 40	$ 40
Charges for services	-	-	124,838	124,838
Miscellaneous	232,008	-	1,300	233,308
Intergovernmental:				
Local government	10,746,560	-	-	10,746,560
Commonwealth	3,427,427	-	5,832	3,433,259
Federal	991,161	-	399,201	1,390,362
Total revenues	$ 15,397,156	$ -	$ 531,211	$ 15,928,367
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Education	$ 15,361,156	$ -	$ 560,319	$ 15,921,475
Total expenditures	$ 15,361,156	$ -	$ 560,319	$ 15,921,475
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	$ 36,000	$ -	$ (29,108)	$ 6,892
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	$ -	$ -	$ 36,000	$ 36,000
Transfers out	(36,000)	-	-	(36,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	$ (36,000)	$ -	$ 36,000	$ -
Net change in fund balances	$ -	$ -	$ 6,892	$ 6,892
Fund balances - beginning	2,000	160,267	89,666	251,933
Fund balances - ending	$ 2,000	$ 160,267	$ 96,558	$ 258,825

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above		$ 6,892
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:		
Capital outlay	$ 61,680	
Depreciation expense	(307,274)	
Transfer of joint tenancy assets to Component Unit from Primary Government	90,872	(154,722)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Decrease (increase) in compensated absences	$ (28,764)	
Decrease (increase) in net OPEB obligation	(25,634)	
		(54,398)
Change in net position of governmental activities		$ (202,228)

Exhibit 22

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	School Operating Fund			
	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Miscellaneous	$ 124,615	$ 124,615	$ 232,008	$ 107,393
Intergovernmental:				
Local government	10,982,367	11,231,000	10,746,560	(484,440)
Commonwealth	3,676,126	3,676,126	3,427,427	(248,699)
Federal	883,026	883,026	991,161	108,135
Total revenues	$ 15,666,134	$ 15,914,767	$ 15,397,156	$ (517,611)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Education	$ 15,572,334	$ 15,820,967	$ 15,361,156	$ 459,811
Capital projects	47,000	47,000	-	47,000
Total expenditures	$ 15,619,334	$ 15,867,967	$ 15,361,156	$ 506,811
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	$ 46,800	$ 46,800	$ 36,000	$ (10,800)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	$ (46,800)	$ (46,800)	$ (36,000)	$ 10,800
Total other financing sources (uses)	$ (46,800)	$ (46,800)	$ (36,000)	$ 10,800
Net change in fund balances	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
Fund balances - beginning	-	-	2,000	2,000
Fund balances - ending	$ -	$ -	$ 2,000	$ 2,000

Exhibit 23

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	School Cafeteria Fund			
	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Revenue from the use of money and property	$ 80	$ 80	$ 40	$ (40)
Charges for services	171,738	171,738	124,838	(46,900)
Miscellaneous	8,830	8,830	1,300	(7,530)
Intergovernmental:				
Commonwealth	6,500	6,500	5,832	(668)
Federal	320,000	361,809	399,201	37,392
Total revenues	$ 507,148	$ 548,957	$ 531,211	$ (17,746)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Education	$ 553,948	$ 595,757	$ 560,319	$ 35,438
Total expenditures	$ 553,948	$ 595,757	$ 560,319	$ 35,438
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	$ (46,800)	$ (46,800)	$ (29,108)	$ 17,692
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	$ 46,800	$ 46,800	$ 36,000	$ (10,800)
Total other financing sources (uses)	$ 46,800	$ 46,800	$ 36,000	$ (10,800)
Net change in fund balances	$ -	$ -	$ 6,892	$ 6,892
Fund balances - beginning	-	-	89,666	89,666
Fund balances - ending	$ -	$ -	$ 96,558	$ 96,558

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

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County of Northumberland, Virginia
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:				
Revenue from local sources:				
General property taxes:				
Real property taxes	$ 13,072,000	$ 13,072,000	$ 13,001,110	$ (70,890)
Real and personal public service corporation taxes	180,000	180,000	189,825	9,825
Personal property taxes	2,140,000	2,140,000	2,200,208	60,208
Custom house boat taxes	440,000	440,000	398,385	(41,615)
Mobile home taxes	25,000	25,000	25,742	742
Machinery and tools taxes	170,000	170,000	210,085	40,085
Merchant's capital taxes	45,000	45,000	46,457	1,457
Penalties	110,000	110,000	103,525	(6,475)
Interest	60,000	60,000	71,261	11,261
Total general property taxes	$ 16,242,000	$ 16,242,000	$ 16,246,598	$ 4,598
Other local taxes:				
Local sales and use taxes	$ 700,000	$ 700,000	$ 684,738	$ (15,262)
Consumers' utility taxes	335,000	335,000	339,962	4,962
Consumption tax	52,000	52,000	57,253	5,253
Motor vehicle licenses	350,000	350,000	363,654	13,654
Bank stock taxes	150,000	150,000	195,002	45,002
Taxes on recordation and wills	175,000	175,000	146,600	(28,400)
Total other local taxes	$ 1,762,000	$ 1,762,000	$ 1,787,209	$ 25,209
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:				
Animal licenses	$ 18,000	$ 18,000	$ 17,173	$ (827)
Land use application fees	15,000	15,000	1,300	(13,700)
Transfer fees	1,000	1,000	762	(238)
Permits and other licenses	89,400	89,400	88,531	(869)
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	$ 123,400	$ 123,400	$ 107,766	$ (15,634)
Fines and forfeitures:				
Court fines and forfeitures	$ 25,000	$ 25,000	$ 28,476	$ 3,476
Revenue from use of money and property:				
Revenue from use of money	$ 100,000	$ 100,000	$ 85,859	$ (14,141)
Revenue from use of property	67,000	67,000	70,533	3,533
Total revenue from use of money and property	$ 167,000	$ 167,000	$ 156,392	$ (10,608)
Charges for services:				
Sheriff's fees	$ 539	$ 539	$ 539	$ -
Court costs	2,500	2,500	(3,132)	(5,632)
Courthouses maintenance fees	2,000	2,000	2,778	778
Courthouse security	2,000	2,000	-	(2,000)
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney	900	900	1,533	633
Charges for correction and detention	-	-	807	807
Street light reimbursement	-	-	6,448	6,448
Charges for other protection	150	150	-	(150)
Charges for community development	150	150	96	(54)
Total charges for services	$ 8,239	$ 8,239	$ 9,069	$ 830

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)				
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)				
Miscellaneous revenue:				
Miscellaneous	$ 246,700	$ 246,700	$ 121,468	$ (125,232)
Recovered costs:				
Regional jail	$ 70,941	$ 70,941	$ 70,941	$ -
Regional landfill	-	-	4,800	4,800
Health department	-	-	9,045	9,045
Game reimbursements	-	-	245	245
DMV License Agent fee	17,000	17,000	26,215	9,215
Total recovered costs	$ 87,941	$ 87,941	$ 111,246	$ 23,305
Total revenue from local sources	$ 18,662,280	$ 18,662,280	$ 18,568,224	$ (94,056)
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Noncategorical aid:				
Communications tax	$ 400,000	$ 400,000	$ 384,664	$ (15,336)
Motor vehicle carriers' tax	-	-	4	4
Mobile home titling tax	10,000	10,000	14,462	4,462
Recordation and grantors tax	-	-	44,569	44,569
Personal property tax relief funds	950,000	950,000	926,866	(23,134)
Additional tax on deeds	54,563	54,563	60,324	5,761
Section 8	14,400	14,400	-	(14,400)
Total noncategorical aid	$ 1,428,963	$ 1,428,963	$ 1,430,889	$ 1,926
Categorical aid:				
Shared expenses:				
Commonwealth's attorney	$ 215,380	$ 215,380	$ 216,367	$ 987
Sheriff	726,253	726,253	718,816	(7,437)
Commissioner of revenue	87,625	87,625	88,062	437
Treasurer	111,898	111,898	111,551	(347)
Medical examiner	-	-	(20)	(20)
Registrar/electoral board	42,400	42,400	36,537	(5,863)
Clerk of the Circuit Court	225,907	225,907	231,002	5,095
Total shared expenses	$ 1,409,463	$ 1,409,463	$ 1,402,315	$ (7,148)
Other categorical aid:				
Public assistance and welfare administration	$ 488,912	$ 488,912	$ 342,317	$ (146,595)
Animal friendly plates	-	-	91	91
Victim witness program	25,000	25,000	20,454	(4,546)
Litter prevention	-	-	5,000	5,000
EMS - Four for life	24,000	24,000	15,075	(8,925)
Comprehensive services act	707,065	707,065	94,981	(612,084)
Fire programs fund	35,000	35,000	38,031	3,031

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)				
Intergovernmental: (Continued)				
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)				
Categorical aid: (Continued)				
Other categorical aid: (Continued)				
Wireless grant	$ 30,000	$ 30,000	$ 43,730	$ 13,730
Local law enforcement block grant	150	150	-	(150)
Records preservation	-	-	13,058	13,058
Other grants	-	-	1,781	1,781
Total other categorical aid	$ 1,310,127	$ 1,310,127	$ 574,518	$ (735,609)
Total categorical aid	$ 2,719,590	$ 2,719,590	$ 1,976,833	$ (742,757)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	$ 4,148,553	$ 4,148,553	$ 3,407,722	$ (740,831)
Revenue from the federal government:				
Categorical aid:				
Public assistance and welfare administration	$ 950,000	$ 950,000	$ 666,249	$ (283,751)
Ground transportation	-	-	14,567	14,567
Disaster assistance	-	-	9,543	9,543
Total categorical aid	$ 950,000	$ 950,000	$ 690,359	$ (259,641)
Total revenue from the federal government	$ 950,000	$ 950,000	$ 690,359	$ (259,641)
Total General Fund	$ 23,760,833	$ 23,760,833	$ 22,666,305	$ (1,094,528)
Special Revenue Funds:				
Forfeited Assets Fund:				
Revenue from local sources:				
Miscellaneous revenue:				
Other miscellaneous	$ -	$ -	$ (1,172)	$ (1,172)
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from the federal government:				
Categorical aid:				
Forfeited assets	$ -	$ -	$ 40,413	$ 40,413
Total Forfeited Assets Fund	$ -	$ -	$ 39,241	$ 39,241
Economic Development Fund:				
Revenue from local sources:				
Revenue from use of money and property:				
Revenue from the use of money	$ -	$ -	$ 15	$ 15
Total Economic Development Fund	$ -	$ -	$ 15	$ 15

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)				
Courthouse Security Fund:				
Revenue from local sources:				
Charges for services:				
Courthouse security fees	$ -	$ -	$ 15,485	$ 15,485
Total Courthouse Security Fund	$ -	$ -	$ 15,485	$ 15,485
Capital Projects Fund:				
County Capital Projects Fund:				
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from the federal government:				
Categorical aid:				
Community Development Block Grant	$ 100,000	$ 100,000	$ 138,084	$ 38,084
Total revenue from the federal government	$ 100,000	$ 100,000	$ 138,084	$ 38,084
Total County Capital Projects Fund	$ 100,000	$ 100,000	$ 138,084	$ 38,084
Total Primary Government	$ 23,860,833	$ 23,860,833	$ 22,859,130	$ (1,001,703)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:				
School Operating Fund:				
Revenue from local sources:				
Miscellaneous revenue:				
Miscellaneous	$ 124,615	$ 124,615	$ 232,008	$ 107,393
Total revenue from local sources	$ 124,615	$ 124,615	$ 232,008	$ 107,393
Intergovernmental:				
Revenues from local governments:				
Contribution from County of Northumberland, Virginia	$ 10,982,367	$ 11,231,000	$ 10,746,560	$ (484,440)

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)				
School Operating Fund: (Continued)				
Intergovernmental: (Continued)				
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Categorical aid:				
Share of state sales tax	$ 1,412,643	$ 1,412,643	$ 1,361,282	$ (51,361)
Basic school aid	1,274,831	1,274,831	1,209,681	(65,150)
Primary class size	58,391	58,391	56,148	(2,243)
At risk payments	52,152	52,152	49,888	(2,264)
Career Technical Education	10,130	10,130	11,410	1,280
Early reading intervention	2,498	2,498	4,995	2,497
English as a second language	4,412	4,412	4,293	(119)
Foster care	-	-	33,767	33,767
GED funding	50,000	50,000	24,030	(25,970)
Gifted and talented	12,880	12,880	12,327	(553)
Homebound	2,200	2,200	758	(1,442)
ISAEP	7,859	7,859	7,859	-
Preschool initiative	72,000	72,000	36,000	(36,000)
Mentor teacher program	1,226	1,226	1,363	137
Remedial education	42,280	42,280	40,466	(1,814)
Remedial summer education	40,205	40,205	34,056	(6,149)
School fringes	280,582	280,582	270,552	(10,030)
Special education	134,960	134,960	129,168	(5,792)
Standards of Learning algebra readiness	6,393	6,393	6,393	-
Textbook payment	25,124	25,124	24,046	(1,078)
Technology VPSA	154,000	154,000	78,931	(75,069)
Vocational education	31,360	31,360	30,014	(1,346)
Total categorical aid	$ 3,676,126	$ 3,676,126	$ 3,427,427	$ (248,699)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	$ 3,676,126	$ 3,676,126	$ 3,427,427	$ (248,699)
Revenue from the federal government:				
Categorical aid:				
Title I	$ 390,719	$ 390,719	$ 394,656	$ 3,937
Vocational education	32,000	32,000	61,631	29,631
Title VIB	301,307	301,307	301,374	67
Summer food program	-	-	540	540
Title II Part A	77,000	77,000	149,471	72,471
JROTC grant	57,000	57,000	54,195	(2,805)
Title VI - rural education	25,000	25,000	29,294	4,294
Total categorical aid	$ 883,026	$ 883,026	$ 991,161	$ 108,135
Total revenue from the federal government	$ 883,026	$ 883,026	$ 991,161	$ 108,135
Total School Operating Fund	$ 15,666,134	$ 15,914,767	$ 15,397,156	$ (517,611)

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)				
Special Revenue Fund:				
School Cafeteria Fund:				
Revenue from local sources:				
Revenue from use of money and property:				
Revenue from the use of money	$ 80	$ 80	$ 40	$ (40)
Charges for services:				
Cafeteria sales	$ 171,738	$ 171,738	$ 124,838	$ (46,900)
Miscellaneous revenue:				
Miscellaneous	$ 8,830	$ 8,830	$ 1,300	$ (7,530)
Total revenue from local sources	$ 180,648	$ 180,648	$ 126,178	$ (54,470)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Categorical aid:				
School food program	$ 6,500	$ 6,500	$ 5,832	$ (668)
Revenue from the federal government:				
Categorical aid:				
Commodities	$ -	$ 41,809	$ 41,809	$ -
School nutrition program	320,000	320,000	357,392	37,392
Total categorical aid	$ 320,000	$ 361,809	$ 399,201	$ 37,392
Total revenue from the federal government	$ 320,000	$ 361,809	$ 399,201	$ 37,392
Total School Cafeteria Fund	$ 507,148	$ 548,957	$ 531,211	$ (17,746)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	$ 16,173,282	$ 16,463,724	$ 15,928,367	$ (535,357)

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:				
General government administration:				
Legislative:				
Board of supervisors	$ 221,832	$ 221,832	$ 204,244	$ 17,588
General and financial administration:				
County administrator	$ 274,143	$ 274,143	$ 276,059	$ (1,916)
Information Technology	132,652	132,652	91,457	41,195
Legal services	15,000	15,000	15,000	-
Commissioner of revenue	305,552	305,552	303,531	2,021
Independent Auditor	42,150	42,150	38,204	3,946
Treasurer	340,277	340,277	366,225	(25,948)
Reassessment	125,395	149,223	116,708	32,515
Total general and financial administration	$ 1,235,169	$ 1,258,997	$ 1,207,184	$ 51,813
Board of elections:				
Electoral board and officials	$ 34,892	$ 34,892	$ 30,921	$ 3,971
Registrar	91,591	91,591	82,869	8,722
Total board of elections	$ 126,483	$ 126,483	$ 113,790	$ 12,693
Total general government administration	$ 1,583,484	$ 1,607,312	$ 1,525,218	$ 82,094
Judicial administration:				
Courts:				
Circuit court	$ 16,482	$ 16,482	$ 14,492	$ 1,990
General district court	3,590	3,590	2,557	1,033
Victim witness protection program	27,674	27,674	25,982	1,692
Juvenile and domestic relations district court	72,824	72,824	39,099	33,725
Clerk of the circuit court	347,389	361,903	327,789	34,114
Total courts	$ 467,959	$ 482,473	$ 409,919	$ 72,554
Commonwealth's attorney:				
Commonwealth's attorney	$ 358,903	$ 358,903	$ 317,053	$ 41,850
Total judicial administration	$ 826,862	$ 841,376	$ 726,972	$ 114,404
Public safety:				
Law enforcement and traffic control:				
Sheriff	$ 2,102,721	$ 2,152,106	$ 2,098,829	$ 53,277
Fire and rescue services:				
Fire department	$ 384,769	$ 395,422	$ 385,332	$ 10,090
Ambulance and rescue services	217,976	217,976	220,252	(2,276)
Total fire and rescue services	$ 602,745	$ 613,398	$ 605,584	$ 7,814
Correction and detention:				
Payments to Regional Jail	$ 345,838	$ 345,838	$ 345,838	$ -
Total correction and detention	$ 345,838	$ 345,838	$ 345,838	$ -
Inspections:				
Building	$ 203,272	$ 203,272	$ 200,198	$ 3,074

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)				
Public safety: (Continued)				
Other protection:				
Animal control	$ 152,752	$ 212,598	$ 215,192	$ (2,594)
Emergency services	592,097	592,097	88,422	503,675
Medical examiner	350	350	40	310
Total other protection	$ 745,199	$ 805,045	$ 303,654	$ 501,391
Total public safety	$ 3,999,775	$ 4,119,659	$ 3,554,103	$ 565,556
Public works:				
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:				
Streetlights	$ 17,550	$ 17,550	$ 17,886	$ (336)
Sanitation and waste removal:				
Refuse disposal	$ 10,000	$ 10,000	$ 5,188	$ 4,812
Refuse collection	971,379	971,379	1,098,690	(127,311)
Total sanitation and waste removal	$ 981,379	$ 981,379	$ 1,103,878	$ (122,499)
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:				
General properties	$ 228,623	$ 228,623	$ 221,296	$ 7,327
Total public works	$ 1,227,552	$ 1,227,552	$ 1,343,060	$ (115,508)
Health and welfare:				
Health:				
Supplement of local health department	$ 164,082	$ 164,082	$ 154,117	$ 9,965
Mental health and mental retardation:				
Community services board	$ 40,933	$ 40,933	$ 40,933	$ -
Welfare:				
Public assistance and welfare administration	$ 1,696,732	$ 1,696,732	$ 1,530,462	$ 166,270
Comprehensive services act	932,990	932,990	292,485	640,505
Other Social Services	216,817	216,817	23,407	193,410
Total welfare	$ 2,846,539	$ 2,846,539	$ 1,846,354	$ 1,000,185
Total health and welfare	$ 3,051,554	$ 3,051,554	$ 2,041,404	$ 1,010,150
Education:				
Other instructional costs:				
Contributions to Community College	$ 8,062	$ 8,062	$ 8,062	$ -
Contribution to County School Board	10,982,367	11,231,000	10,746,560	484,440
Total education	$ 10,990,429	$ 11,239,062	$ 10,754,622	$ 484,440
Parks, recreation, and cultural:				
Parks and recreation:				
Supervision of parks and recreation	$ 50,000	$ 50,000	$ 50,000	$ -

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)				
Parks, recreation, and cultural: (Continued)				
Library:				
Contribution to county library	$ 110,000	$ 110,000	$ 110,000	$ -
Total library	$ 110,000	$ 110,000	$ 110,000	$ -
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	$ 160,000	$ 160,000	$ 160,000	$ -
Community development:				
Planning and community development:				
Planning and zoning	$ 325,869	$ 325,869	$ 274,096	$ 51,773
Economic development	34,500	34,500	27,848	6,652
Planning district commission	14,500	14,500	12,284	2,216
Total planning and community development	$ 374,869	$ 374,869	$ 314,228	$ 60,641
Environmental management:				
Contribution to soil and water conservation district	$ 15,000	$ 15,000	$ 15,000	$ -
Wetlands	17,612	17,612	12,503	5,109
Forestry	5,171	5,171	5,171	-
Total environmental management	$ 37,783	$ 37,783	$ 32,674	$ 5,109
Cooperative extension program:				
Extension office	$ 57,517	$ 57,517	$ 51,195	$ 6,322
Total community development	$ 470,169	$ 470,169	$ 398,097	$ 72,072
Capital projects:				
County owned facilities	$ 39,400	$ 39,400	$ 2,734	$ 36,666
Sheriff's office	-	205,000	465,640	(260,640)
Fleeton/Callao Sewer project	40,000	40,000	-	40,000
Total capital projects	$ 79,400	$ 284,400	$ 468,374	$ (183,974)
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	$ 1,110,000	$ 1,110,000	$ 1,110,000	$ -
Interest and other fiscal charges	1,591,296	1,591,296	1,591,296	-
Total debt service	$ 2,701,296	$ 2,701,296	$ 2,701,296	$ -
Total General Fund	$ 25,090,521	$ 25,702,380	$ 23,673,146	$ 2,029,234
Special Revenue Funds:				
Forfeited Assets Fund:				
Public safety:				
Sheriff:				
Forfeited assets	$ -	$ -	$ 37,947	$ (37,947)
Total Forfeited Assets Fund	$ -	$ -	$ 37,947	$ (37,947)

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Capital Projects Fund:				
County Capital Projects Fund:				
Capital projects expenditures:				
Light street project	$ 100,000	$ 221,285	$ 218,919	$ 2,366
Total capital projects	$ 100,000	$ 221,285	$ 218,919	$ 2,366
Total County Capital Projects Fund	$ 100,000	$ 221,285	$ 218,919	$ 2,366
Total Primary Government	$ 25,190,521	$ 25,923,665	$ 23,930,012	$ 1,993,653
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:				
School Operating Fund:				
Education:				
Administration, health, and attendance	$ 817,025	$ 817,025	$ 760,202	$ 56,823
Instruction costs	11,413,867	11,662,500	11,380,173	282,327
Pupil transportation	1,158,919	1,158,919	1,146,578	12,341
Operation and maintenance of school plant	1,675,993	1,675,993	1,625,969	50,024
Technology	506,530	506,530	448,234	58,296
Other operating costs	$ 15,572,334	$ 15,820,967	$ 15,361,156	$ 459,811
Total education	$ 15,572,334	$ 15,820,967	$ 15,361,156	$ 459,811
Capital projects:				
Capital Outlay	$ 47,000	$ 47,000	$ -	$ 47,000
Total School Operating Fund	$ 15,619,334	$ 15,867,967	$ 15,361,156	$ 506,811
Special Revenue Fund:				
School Cafeteria Fund:				
Education:				
School food services:				
School food	$ 553,948	$ 595,757	$ 560,319	$ 35,438
Total School Cafeteria Fund	$ 553,948	$ 595,757	$ 560,319	$ 35,438
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	$ 16,173,282	$ 16,463,724	$ 15,921,475	$ 542,249

STATISTICAL INFORMATION

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Table 1

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Government-Wide Expenses by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Government Administration	Judicial Administration	Public Safety	Public Works	Health and Welfare	Education	Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	Community Development	Interest on Long-Term Debt	Sanitary District	Total
2004-05	$ 1,381,451	$ 565,629	$ 2,535,825	$ 952,156	$ 1,637,143	$ 7,139,887	$ 152,433	$ 315,943	$ 259,361	$ 435,471	$ 15,375,299
2005-06	1,167,467	677,235	2,584,733	1,393,744	1,906,874	8,103,546	455,941	369,958	227,386	554,693	17,441,577
2006-07	1,250,550	913,462	2,786,622	1,299,662	1,979,837	11,307,420	154,433	462,873	1,757,383	641,660	22,553,902
2007-08	1,185,448	897,658	3,325,552	1,261,074	1,963,371	10,145,703	162,433	582,207	1,906,293	725,364	22,155,103
2008-09	1,312,517	841,269	2,909,507	1,206,586	1,962,122	9,552,038	89,228	433,527	1,860,565	787,029	20,954,388
2009-10	1,284,916	925,689	3,153,464	1,165,665	1,965,340	7,882,786	160,000	249,496	1,805,133	799,163	19,391,652
2010-11	1,449,612	1,885,783	3,112,797	1,239,359	2,113,100	10,152,027	160,000	356,559	1,747,492	804,516	23,021,245
2011-12	1,575,956	809,001	3,192,554	1,197,769	2,108,697	9,613,564	160,000	866,569	1,681,962	805,077	22,011,149
2012-13	1,887,494	748,238	3,340,665	1,209,904	1,991,739	11,598,124	161,418	754,292	1,608,524	836,447	24,136,845
2013-14	1,745,031	729,034	3,489,876	1,341,207	2,034,759	13,264,282	160,216	632,469	1,565,816	780,519	25,743,209

Table 2

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Government-Wide Revenues
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	PROGRAM REVENUES			GENERAL REVENUES					
Fiscal Year	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	General Property Taxes	Other Local Taxes	Unrestricted Investment Earnings	Miscellaneous	Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs	Total
2004-05	$ 538,508	$ 2,630,761	$ -	$ 10,057,777	$ 2,123,379	$ 148,142	$ 174,627	$ 1,542,174	$ 17,215,368
2005-06	583,726	3,154,412	303,508	10,544,679	1,770,014	364,520	326,230	1,159,186	18,206,275
2006-07	535,960	3,073,567	68,266	13,176,306	2,236,690	1,600,110	241,736	1,109,209	22,041,844
2007-08	569,645	2,871,605	630,311	13,447,313	1,945,289	1,801,426	345,799	1,085,298	22,696,686
2008-09	529,047	2,945,673	66,934	14,409,617	2,188,526	486,072	341,443	1,089,447	22,056,759
2009-10	527,391	2,759,311	-	15,020,712	1,756,737	234,120	346,648	1,394,902	22,039,821
2010-11	534,321	2,948,734	-	15,295,156	1,693,183	232,707	245,832	1,430,443	22,380,376
2011-12	561,706	2,605,285	560,885	15,443,129	1,731,687	182,448	170,499	1,379,120	22,634,759
2012-13	612,221	2,507,321	298,775	16,199,114	1,749,597	170,617	233,532	1,440,348	23,211,525
2013-14	590,151	2,707,605	138,084	16,291,941	1,787,209	157,150	139,608	1,430,889	23,242,637

Table 3

County of Northumberland, Virginia
General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Government Administration	Judicial Administration	Public Safety	Public Works	Health and Welfare	Education (2)	Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	Community Development	Debt Service	Total
2004-05	$ 1,257,538	$ 474,654	$ 2,670,462	$ 997,539	$ 1,668,411	$ 13,313,882	$ 150,000	$ 315,943	$ 809,129	$ 21,657,558
2005-06	1,135,395	586,260	2,637,176	1,059,637	1,955,569	14,395,941	453,508	376,810	784,106	23,384,402
2006-07	1,275,536	684,040	2,894,649	1,282,308	1,955,978	15,144,972	150,000	462,872	2,533,503	26,383,858
2007-08	1,283,522	714,521	3,536,111	1,272,472	1,948,819	16,010,041	160,000	427,682	3,051,646	28,404,814
2008-09	1,247,501	758,759	3,318,605	1,213,509	1,939,676	16,087,829	160,000	432,735	2,998,457	28,157,071
2009-10	1,227,526	831,469	3,070,468	1,178,666	1,949,423	15,133,600	160,000	366,703	2,965,494	26,883,349
2010-11	1,449,459	750,685	3,183,692	1,258,125	2,110,973	14,929,147	160,000	365,561	2,945,797	27,153,439
2011-12	1,303,952	799,970	3,214,223	1,212,832	2,094,948	15,549,789	160,000	399,377	2,918,399	27,653,490
2012-13	1,611,371	746,282	3,761,020	1,209,452	2,026,063	15,803,625	160,000	434,021	2,716,454	28,468,288
2013-14	1,525,218	726,972	3,592,050	1,343,060	2,041,404	15,929,537	160,000	398,097	2,701,296	28,417,634

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit.
(2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit.

Table 4

County of Northumberland, Virginia
General Governmental Revenues by Source (1)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Property Taxes	Other Local Taxes	Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses	Fines and Forfeitures	Revenue from the Use of Money and Property	Charges for Services	Miscellaneous	Recovered Costs	Inter-governmental (2)	Total
2004-05	$ 10,095,628	$ 1,639,007	$ 277,798	$ 15,199	$ 152,963	$ 225,432	$ 283,937	$ 128,241	$ 9,942,948	$ 22,761,153
2005-06	10,624,629	1,770,014	300,830	17,110	364,317	285,150	397,411	98,791	10,508,029	24,366,281
2006-07	13,105,187	1,583,747	218,274	12,185	352,575	267,989	381,660	98,462	11,209,787	27,229,866
2007-08	13,367,097	1,945,289	206,459	16,987	285,088	272,732	527,635	247,678	11,564,983	28,433,948
2008-09	14,879,752	2,188,526	180,070	15,480	252,556	233,143	588,022	101,770	9,903,162	28,342,481
2009-10	14,896,149	1,756,737	137,646	29,883	231,790	274,183	507,538	103,838	9,897,347	27,835,111
2010-11	15,151,420	1,693,183	138,534	23,951	232,690	251,972	353,815	115,436	9,935,375	27,896,376
2011-12	15,503,870	1,731,687	134,362	30,603	182,269	215,937	276,157	102,261	9,293,353	27,470,499
2012-13	16,134,615	1,749,597	127,195	27,611	169,793	197,537	359,880	102,265	8,904,032	27,772,525
2013-14	16,246,598	1,787,209	107,766	28,476	156,447	149,392	353,604	111,246	9,100,199	28,040,937

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit.
(2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit.

Table 5

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Property Tax Levies and Collections
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy (1)	Current Tax Collections (1)	Percent of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections (1)	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1,2)	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy
2004-05	$ 10,846,397	$ 10,653,628	98.22%	$ 175,814	$ 10,829,442	99.84%	$ 358,608	3.31%
2005-06	11,403,071	11,271,995	98.85%	170,729	11,442,724	100.35%	294,952	2.59%
2006-07	13,873,126	13,688,759	98.67%	195,874	13,884,633	100.08%	202,803	1.46%
2007-08	14,238,395	14,013,307	98.42%	179,242	14,192,549	99.68%	310,307	2.18%
2008-09	15,889,738	15,528,432	97.73%	196,546	15,724,978	98.96%	399,253	2.51%
2009-10	15,769,623	15,429,741	97.84%	242,026	15,671,767	99.38%	508,662	3.23%
2010-11	16,041,437	15,693,936	97.83%	256,693	15,950,629	99.43%	560,820	3.50%
2011-12	16,275,738	15,971,392	98.13%	294,244	16,265,636	99.94%	561,257	3.45%
2012-13	16,995,677	16,679,439	98.14%	203,352	16,882,791	99.34%	647,572	3.81%
2013-14	17,106,506	16,736,919	97.84%	261,762	16,998,681	99.37%	710,759	4.15%

(1) Exclusive of penalties and interest.
(2) Includes three most current delinquent tax years.

Table 6

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Assessed Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate (1)	Personal Property and Mobile Homes (1)	Machinery and Tools	Merchant's Capital	Public Utility (2)	Total
2004-05	$ 1,249,704,479	$ 88,848,479	$ 2,476,351	$ 3,601,360	$ 24,261,228	$ 1,368,891,897
2005-06	1,297,949,514	96,277,035	3,312,711	4,123,126	20,174,479	1,421,836,865
2006-07	2,829,613,762	99,792,019	3,062,848	4,316,128	38,647,253	2,975,432,010
2007-08	2,902,222,017	103,742,431	2,887,999	4,386,808	36,978,612	3,050,217,867
2008-09	2,961,160,227	111,854,782	2,530,695	4,645,795	28,020,738	3,108,212,237
2009-10	3,011,546,185	102,709,252	2,318,911	4,641,003	32,584,722	3,153,800,073
2010-11	3,047,497,890	106,808,354	2,688,648	5,243,876	36,317,490	3,198,556,258
2011-12	3,080,451,758	106,163,570	5,161,162	4,939,229	45,441,422	3,242,157,141
2012-13	3,091,570,771	105,462,100	4,893,424	4,567,724	41,926,278	3,248,420,297
2013-14	3,120,026,152	105,379,492	5,828,476	4,685,002	45,044,045	3,280,963,167

(1) Real estate and personal property is assessed at 100% of fair market value.
(2) Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

Table 7

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Property Tax Rates (1)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate	Mobile Homes	Personal Property	Merchant's Capital	Machinery and Tools
2004-05	$ 0.61	$ 0.61	$ 3.60	$ 1.00	$ 3.60
2005-06	0.61	0.61	3.60	1.00	3.60
2006-07	0.36	0.36	3.60	1.00	3.60
2007-08	0.36	0.36	3.60	1.00	3.60
2008-09	0.40	0.40	3.60	1.00	3.60
2009-10	0.40	0.40	3.60	1.00	3.60
2010-11	0.40	0.40	3.60	1.00	3.60
2011-12	0.40	0.40	3.60	1.00	3.60
2012-13	0.40	0.40	3.60	1.00	3.60
2013-14	0.42	0.42	3.60	1.00	3.60

(1) Per $100 of assessed value.

Table 8

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to
Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value (2)	Gross Bonded Debt (3)	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2004-05	12,259	$ 1,368,891,897	$ 3,232,385	0.24%	$ 264
2005-06	12,259	1,421,836,865	2,820,509	0.20%	230
2006-07	12,259	2,975,432,010	2,406,843	0.08%	196
2007-08	12,259	3,050,217,867	2,036,268	0.07%	166
2008-09	12,259	3,108,212,237	1,693,657	0.05%	138
2009-10	12,330	3,153,800,073	1,353,874	0.04%	110
2010-11	12,330	3,198,556,258	1,006,775	0.03%	82
2011-12	12,330	3,242,157,141	615,000	0.02%	50
2012-13	12,330	3,248,420,297	310,000	0.01%	25
2012-14	12,330	3,280,963,167	-	0.00%	-

(1) Center for Public Service at the University of Virginia.
(2) Real property assessed at 100% of fair market value.
(3) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/postclosure care liability, capital leases, and compensated absences.

COMPLIANCE

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Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors
County of Northumberland
Northumberland, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards,* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Northumberland Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Northumberland, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 15, 2015.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Northumberland Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Northumberland, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Northumberland, Virginia's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questions costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be material weaknesses, 2014-001.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Northumberland, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

County of Northumberland, Virginia's Response to Findings

County of Northumberland, Virginia's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompany schedule of findings and questions costs. County of Northumberland, Virginia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richmond, Virginia
January 15, 2015

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors
County of Northumberland
Northumberland, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Northumberland, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Northumberland, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. County of Northumberland, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of County of Northumberland, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards,* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about County of Northumberland, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Northumberland, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of Northumberland, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of County of Northumberland, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered County of Northumberland, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Northumberland, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richmond, Virginia
January 15, 2015

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Health and Human Services:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Social Services:			
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	0950113/0950114	$ 14,288
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400113/0400114	103,922
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500113/0500114	1,109
Low-income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600413/00600414	10,113
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	0760113/0760114	19,740
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900113/090114	818
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100113/1100114	66,166
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1130113/11301114	63,125
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000113/1000114	76,115
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150113/9150114	1,183
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540113/0540114	4,959
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200113/1200114	143,405
Total Department of Health and Human Services			$ 504,943
Department of Homeland Security:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Emergency Management:			
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	7760200-155	$ 9,543
Department of Housing and Urban Development:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Housing and Community Development:			
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	14.228	53305-50799	$ 138,084
Department of Treasury:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Commonwealth of Virginia Attorney General's Office:			
Forfeited assets	21.000	Unknown	$ 40,413
Department of Defense:			
Direct payments:			
Jr ROTC	12.xxx	N/A	$ 54,195
Department of Transportation:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Motor Vehicles:			
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	60507-50159/59255	$ 14,567

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number		Federal Expenditures
Department of Agriculture:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Department of Agriculture:				
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	17901-40591		$ 15,783
Food Distribution	10.555	17901-45707	$ 40,905	
Department of Education:				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	17901-40623	260,269	301,174
School Breakfast Program	10.553	17901-40591		82,784
Department of Social Services:				
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0010113/0010114		161,306
Total Department of Agriculture				$ 561,047
Department of Education:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Education:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	17901-42901		$ 394,656
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	17901-43071		301,374
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	17901-61095		61,631
Rural Education	84.358	17901-43481		29,294
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	17901-61480		149,471
Total Department of Education				$ 936,426
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				$ 2,259,218

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the County of Northumberland, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2014. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Northumberland, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County of Northumberland, Virginia.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments,* wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received or disbursed.

Note 4 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:		
Primary government:		
General Fund	$	690,359
Special Revenue Funds:		
Forfeited Assets		40,413
Capital Projects Funds:		
County Capital Projects Fund		138,084
Total primary government	$	868,856
Component Unit School Board:		
School Operating Fund	$	991,161
School Cafeteria Fund		399,201
Total component unit School Board	$	1,390,362
Total expenditures of federal awards per basic financial statements	$	2,259,218
Total expenditures of federal awards per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	$	2,259,218

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section I-Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:		*unmodified*
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	✓ yes	____ no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	____ yes	✓ none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	____ yes	✓ no

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	____ yes	✓ no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	____ yes	✓ none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:		*unmodified*
Any findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133?	____ yes	✓ no

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.010	Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies
84.027	Special Education - Grants to States
10.553/10.555/10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster
10.561	State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	$300,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	____ yes	✓ no

County of Northumberland, Virginia
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section II-Financial Statement Findings

2014-001

Financial Reporting

Criteria: Per Statement of Auditing Standards 115 (SAS 115), identification of adjustments to the financial statements that was not detected by the entity's internal controls indicates that a material weakness exists. Internal controls should be in place that provide assurance that audited financial statements reconcile to the County's internal documents.

Condition: The financial statements did not contain all necessary adjustments to reconcile to the County's internal documents to comply with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Effect of Condition: There is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the County's financial statements or notes to the financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal controls over financial reporting.

Cause of Condition: Procedures have not been fully implemented to provide the necessary internal controls over financial reporting.

Recommendation: Procedures should be implemented providing for the posting of all year-end adjusting entries to allow for reconciliation between the audited financial statements and the County's general ledger reports. It should be noted that significant efforts have been made since FY07 to address this weakness including maintaining capital assets, reporting accrual based general government expenditures and gathering revenue accrual data for posting to the general ledger. In order to take the next step in addressing this issue, the County should consider employing a governmental accounting consultant, that is independent of the County's Auditor, to assist with the preparation of year end working trial balances.

Management's Response: The County is considering corrective action for FY15.

Section III-Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

There were no prior year findings. Financial Statement Finding 2013-1 has been repeated for FY14 as Finding 2014-001.